The Centre Reporter.

VOL. LXXIV. CENTRE HALL, PA., THURSDAY, MAY 9, 1901. NO. 18.

THE TALK AT HARRISBURG now is that the Legislature will not adjourn before the last week in June, and the session may run into July. The waste of time by this session has been without precedent, and there doesn't appear to be much more diligence in May than in January. All the State legislatures that met the first of the year have adjourned except that of Massachusetts, which is generally good for a six months' session every year. The general appropriation bill was reported to the House yesterday. It carries $15,3000,000 for the two years. The school appropriation reaches $11,000,000, but it includes the normal school and other items of the $460,000, hitherto provided for in separate bills. New taxes are proposed, and some additional corporation taxes await the approval of the governor. A bill has been prepared by the ways and means committee taxing ale and beer one cent a gallon.

THE MONEY COST OF THE SOUTH AFRICAN war to the British government and people has been put at a thousand millions of dollars. That is, should it be ended within a few months. But a recent return of the British war office reports the cost of the war in human flesh and blood down to a month ago. From this it appears that the number of deaths has been 14,728. Of these, 3,936 were killed in battle 1,301 died of wounds soon after battle, 96 died in Boer prisons, 304 died after having been sent home as invalids, 298 were killed by accident, and the appalling number of 8,793 died of disease. Counting the permanently disabled, we have a total of 17,000 men forever lost to the British empire. Seventeen thousand lives of her best picked men in what was to have been a "military promenade" to Pretoria. Was not President Kruger truthful when he declared this needless war would "stagger" humanity in its [illegible] reasoning?

THE KAISER IS AGAIN REPORTED to be preparing for war on the Monroe doctrine. He wants South America, and he wants it bad. For this he is building a giant navy and in fancy he already hears the thunder of his guns as they rock on the mighty deep. This is what the London Saturday Review says, and it always knows.

Still, the giant navy is young yet and the Monroe doctrine is hoary with age. And the Kaiser is young yet, and youth will have its fling. Let the Kaiser build his navy and aim its cannon at the Monroe doctrine. When he does there will be war, and war on a generous and satisfying scale. And when the war is over the Kaiser will have a chance to sit down and figure up his assets and liabilities, among which assets should not be forgotten the title of "war lord."

Meanwhile, the United States of America will continue to do business at the old stand, and incidentally may have a little navy of their own, which fact should not be lost sight of by those who figure out a peck of trouble for your Uncle Samuel.

A METHODIST PASTOR AT READING, in this State, Rev Dr. Harcourt, recently delivered an address before the Baltimore University School of Medicine advising the graduates to exclude ministers of the gospel from the sick room, and has supplemented it by a sermon from his own pulpit taking the same ground. This new departure in ministerial teaching has naturally created something of a sensation. His reasoning is peculiar and has a basis of fact. He urged that the presence of a minister in a sick room caused alarm. But may it not also bring comfort and consolation? Dr. Harcourt continued in this strain:

I fully believe that many deaths have been hastened by the unwise visitation of ministers at a critical time. The sick room is not a place to prepare for death. Not one reform in a hundred brought about in a sick room is genuine. Our methods as ministers in dealing with criminals who are to be hanged or electrocuted are enough to bring the Christian religion into contempt. Keep the minister, the long-faced, sepulchral-voiced minister out of the sick room. Let him grapple with men in life. This will try his grit and grace, but keep him from taking advantage of a man in the hour of his weakness when unable to defend himself.

THE FARMERS OF THE STATE must not permit themselves to be deceived by the sudden show of enthusiasm on the part of the machine for real butter. Its change of heart was forced, not willing. It was not until the granges and the individual farmers had demonstrated that they were powerful enough, when united, to protect their interests that the followers of the machine were ordered to desert the service of the Oleo Trust. If it felt safe in doing so the machine would still betray the farmers as readily as it abandoned the Trust.

The Senate has not yet fixed a day for the consideration of the Snyder bill, and the oleo lobby is still at work in Harrisburg.

If the fruits of the victory in the House are to be saved the fight must be kept up vigorously until the last trench is carried and Governor Stone has signed the bill. It is not from their open enemies that the farmers must now look for harm, but from the furtive plotters who for self-preservation have been compelled to profess friendship for the winning side. These new converts must be held under suspicion.

It was only by persistent and energetic work that the farmers in the various sections of Pennsylvania prevailed upon their representatives in the House to grant them their rights. By showing the same activity and perseverance while the Snyder bill is in the hands of the Senate they will wipe out all opposition. In over-confidence lies their peril.

Flood the Senate with letters until the Snyder bill is passed.

NOTWITHSTANDING THE VIGOROUS denials, it is altogether likely that the reported standing of the supreme court on the ripper charter has something better to stand on than mere idle invention. The case is in its nature political, affecting important personal and factional interests. Sometimes judges or their intimates are not overcautious in letting out inklings of expected decisions, and this happens to be precisely the sort of case that invites such imprudence. Even indiscretions of this kind have been alleged against the supreme court of the United States, and have been made the basis of big operations in Wall street. The supreme court of Pennsylvania, it is undeniable, does not enjoy the same degree of confidence it once did, say in the days of Gibson, Black and Sharswood. Of recent years the appointments and nominations have represented the wishes and interests of the politicians who made them. Pre-eminence in the profession has not been the touchstone of merit and controlled selections. As a consequence there has been a great deal of private scandal, rarely reaching the public through the press, but confined to members of the bar smarting under a sense of wrong.

The intimation therefore given that the supreme court is or will be ranged in a certain way on the ripper case is not at all surprising. Matters freely talked of in private have crept into the public press, calling forth indignant denials from those most concerned. This is natural from the political and personal character of the issues, as well as by the diverse views of eminent lawyers and publicists on the constitutionality of the legislation involved in the ripper case. The uncertainty is further advanced by the general admission that, while the ripper law may be within the limits of constitutional authority, it is a revolutionary proceeding, at war with fundamental principles, and established a vicious rule. It is a case that invites outside pressure on the court, and the fact is generally accepted that those accused of this sort of pressure are the very men to use it.

COLONELS IN BALLOT POW-WOW.

Each Backed by Trusty Retainers, the Two Colonels Put Heads Together.

As previously announced Colonel Guffey and Colonel Quay Tuesday night met in conference to discuss ballot reform. While nothing official has been given out, in a general way, however, the situation is fairly well known. Quay is disposed to insist on conceding to Guffey the elimination of the party circle, provided the Democrats will accept this as the maximum of reform, the party column being retained.

Guffey is disposed to accede to the latter in consideration of the circle being stricken from the ballot, but is not satisfied with that. He wants a "tight" clause against indiscriminate assistance of voters. Insurance Com. Durham and Senator Focht insisted that the number which any helper could assist was entirely too small. This number in the bill was fixed at three, and Senator Quay suggested that it be raised to ten. Colonel Guffey and his friends agreed to this.

Then came the question of the voter as well as the helper taking an affidavit—the voter that he could not read or write or was physically disabled, and the helper that he would mark the ballot correctly and not influence the choice of the voter. On this question the conference split. The Democrats retired and the Republicans remained in session.

FIGHT AGAINST OLEO.

Will Bring the Counterfeit Butter Trade to an End.

Oleomargarine will have to stand strictly upon its own merits when the Snyder bill, now in course of passage in the Legislature, becomes a law. It can then no longer masquerade as butter.

The bill in many respects is a remarkable measure, designed to make the distinction between the two articles so clear as to absolutely break up the gigantic swindle from which farmers and butter consumers have both suffered. Its main provisions are as follows:

Parties manufacturing or dispensing oleo must secure State licenses at the following annual fees: Manufacturers $1,000; wholesalers, $500; retailers, $100; hotel and restaurant keepers, $50; boarding house keepers, $10.

On the outside of each tub or package of the stuff there shall appear in full view a placard bearing the word "oleomargarine," in letters not less than one inch long. Every hotel, restaurant or boarding house using oleo must exhibit a placard stating the fact. Every package of oleo shall be plainly marked oleomargarine.

Letter from Ohio.

W. W. Leichty, of Green Springs, Ohio, known to many of the Reporter readers, has many complimentary words for the Reporter in a recent letter. Mr. Leichty is conducting a general blacksmith and repair shop in that place, and from the printed matter he uses, one would judge he is doing a good business. Mr. Leichty is a Centre countian, and in 1869 went to work at his trade with Jacob Smith, at Tusseyville, and a year later he and his brother Henry conducted the shop for their father, John Leichty, who bought Smith out. Later he went to Penn Hall and various places in Centre and Mifflin counties, and twenty-two years ago located in his present western home. Together with his letter, Mr. Leichty sent a report of the local markets which will be of interest to compare with the local markets in the Reporter. They are as follows: Oats, 26c.; good butter, 14c.; eggs, 10c.; wheat, 70c.; hogs per cwt., $5.50; prime timothy hay, $10.50; potatoes, 25c.

New Pastors for Philipsburg.

Rev. R. P. Miller, for thirteen years pastor of the Homestead Presbyterian church, has been tendered a call from the Presbyterian congregation at Philipsburg.

Rev. Charles D. Russell, of Logan-ton, who is very popular among all denominations in Sugar Valley, has accepted a call to the Lutheran church at Philipsburg.

Church Dedicated.

The new Lutheran church at Boonville was dedicated Sunday. It is a brick structure and is the handsomest church in the valley. Rev. Charles D. Russell is pastor, but on June 12 he will sever his connection with that congregation and become pastor at Philipsburg.

Bear Cubs.

C. P. Long, of Spring Mills, is the owner of a trio of black bear cubs captured during the recent mountain fires. The little cubs and mother bear were driven by the flames to the saw mill of Bearley & Molten, where they were captured. The bear was pierced with several bullets, but she made good her escape.

$11,000,000 FOR SCHOOLS.

But $250,000 will be Applied two Thirteen Normal Schools.

While there will be no diminution in the amount of money to be appropriated to the public schools of the Commonwealth for the ensuing year, the Appropriation Committee will will mark an innovation and reduce the school fund in another direction Heretofore it has been the custom to make a separate appropriation for the normal schools of the State. This year the amount paid to normal schools is to come out of the general school fund.

This is in deference to the general opinion in Administration circles that the amount appropriated to the schools of the Commonwealth is entirely too large. It is so large in fact that in certain counties of the State the school term is shortened, the teachers' salaries lessened, and all that the taxables may not be compelled to spend any more money than the State appropriates for this purpose.

The unwisdom of tampering with the school fund by a veto was demonstrated in the furor created over Governor Stone's $1,000,000 cut two years ago. The policy of taking the normal school funds will cut the latter quite a bit, and will bring proportionate disappointment to everybody interested in normal schools.

The total amount that will come out of the $11,000,000 will be $250,000, of which amount $200,000, will be appropriated to the thirteen normal schools of the State, and $50,000 to the township high schools.

A Wonderfully Beautiful Tree.

W. B. Mingle, Esq., takes a great interest in horticulture and also spends considerable time in an orchard he has set out on Hoffer street. Beginning of this week a plum tree three years old on this plot was a beautiful sight to behold. To start with this particular tree is peculiar in that its branches are long and slender—rod like—and is without the common fruit spurs, presenting an odd appearance in formation. But the blossoms! hundreds and thousands! Every branch is covered from its very tip to the trunk, not in clusters, but with the greatest regularity these blossoms grow out from all sides, no part of the branch being exposed. There are many trees well ladened with blossoms, but the like of this plum tree has never been seen before.

Rabid Dog at Romola.

The Romola correspondent of the Howard Hustler says: Our neighborhood is greatly excited over a mad dog that passed through here last week. He fought with every dog he came in contact with; chased and bit cattle, and in fact everything he came in contact with. One person, Mr. James Gardner, Sr., was attacked, the animal fastening his teeth in his trouser legs so tight that Mr. Gardner had to choke him loose. His daughter came to his rescue and the dog was driven off. He next turned up in Cato where he bit several cattle and other animals, and entered the mines and attacked the miners. He was finally dispatched by the Hungarians. The dogs are all tied up for fear hydrophobia may develop about the ninth day.

Bellefonte Central to be Extended.

Plans are afoot, according to the Harrisburg Patriot, to extend the Bellefonte Central railroad to the main line of the "Pennsy." This extension is intended not only to tap a rich country, but in order to gain the growing trade of the little railway. Huntingdon, on the middle division of the "Pennsy," is mentioned as the terminal point of the Central. If the plan is carried out the Pennsylvania will gain thereby another valuable feeder.

General Assemb'y News.

The best news of the Presbyterian General Assembly, which will be held in Philadelphia beginning May 16 and continuing about ten days, will appear from day to day in the Philadelphia Press. Rev. Dr. S. S. Gilson, of Pittsburg, will have charge of the reports and the paper will be mailed to any address postpaid throughout the assembly sessions (from May 13 to May 25 inclusive) for 25 cents.

First Anniversary.

Last Sabbath being the first anniversary of Dr. Schuyler's pastorate with the Sinking Creek charge, he delivered an appropriate sermon at this place in the afternoon, taking as his text, Gal. 6-2: "Bear ye one another's burdens, and so fulfill the law of Christ." Dr. Schuyler's discourse was practical and interesting, and was highly appreciated by his audience.

Reporter Bulletin.

While Jesse King was lying along the side walk at Millheim Monday morning dying, the Reporter's bulletin announced the attempted murder and suicide to the people of Centre Hall.

MILLHEIM TRAGEDY.

MRS. KING RECOVERING.

Not since the famous Ettlinger tragedy, which took place at Woodward a few years ago, was there as much excitement in the lower end of Penn's Valley as there was on Monday morning last, when a double crime was committed in the borough of Millheim. The result: Jesse King, twenty-seven years old, is a corpse at his home on North Street, and his wife, nineteen years old, a bride of only a few months, lies fatally wounded at the home of Peter Confer, on Penn Street.

Following a courtship of perhaps a few months, the couple were married in Aaronsburg in February last. The bride was Julia, a handsome daughter of Henry Mowery, a respected and well-to-do citizen of Haines township, residing half a mile north of Aaronsburg. After their marriage the couple went to house keeping on North Street, more familiarly known as "Texas." After several weeks of married life King, it is rumored, became jealous of his wife and since then they have had much trouble, and on several occasions she had left him and gone to her mother at Aaronsburg, and to her sister at Spring Mills. For the past week or more she had been staying at the latter place, but on Saturday last returned to the home of her mother. Learning that his young wife was to be found in Aaronsburg, King went to see her on Sunday, and by promises of better treatment persuaded her to return to his home in Millheim.

Monday morning, between the hours of five and six o'clock, the woman expressed a desire to go to see her sister, who was ill at Spring Mills, and asked her husband's consent. King, of course, refused to let her go and a quarrel followed; the woman still insisted on going, and to prevent her from carrying out her desire King took her shoes and ran into an adjoining room, hid them and then locked the door. Being of a plucky disposition she hammered at the door until it finally gave way and she was just in the act of entering when the enraged husband drew from his hip pocket a 38 calibre revolver and shot her, the ball entering the abdomen from the right side.

After committing the crime, this monster in human form, locked her in the house and started for the home of his parents, who live about an eighth of a mile from his residence, where he made known his rash act, at the same time stating that he did not think he had killed her, but was going back to finish the job and then kill himself.

In the mean time Mrs. King had succeeded in getting down stairs, and finding one of the back doors open, made her way along what is known as the "back road" to Millheim, a distance of fully a mile, where she made information against her husband before Justice F. P. Musser and had a warrant sworn out for his arrest. How the poor, unfortunate woman was able to walk all this distance is a miracle, but after reaching the 'Squires office she gave her story in a cool and straight forward manner.

After King's threat to return to the home and as he said, "finish the job," King's father went to the stable and jumping on one of his horses started for town with all possible haste for an officer to have the young man arrested before he could do further mischief. Determining to complete his bungled job, King started for his home and on arriving there could find nothing of his victim. He then started for town, thinking perhaps she had made an attempt to have him placed under arrest.

When the would-be murderer reached Kern's barn on the top of the hill north of town, he was met by constables P. P. Leitzell and W. N. Auman, who were in a buggy. They stopped their horse and were in the act of getting out of the buggy when King pointed his revolver towards them. Constable Leitzell said to him, "don't shoot, Jesse," whereupon King turned and started to run away from them, at the same time he placed the revolver to his heart and fired. The ball entered the left side an inch below the heart.

King dropped to the ground, but in an instant got up and started for the buggy in which were the constables. Thinking he was not fatally injured the officers placed him in their conveyance and started for town, but they had only gone a short distance when it was seen the young man had become unconscious and was losing blood freely. The officers stopped the team, and laid the dying man on the grass along the walk. He never regained consciousness and died about twenty minutes later. Undertaker Weiser was sent for, who took charge of the body and took it to his late residence on North Street, where it was prepared for burial.

The officers returned to the office of Justice Musser where they found Mrs. King in great pain, and Dr. Frank not being able to make a thorough examination of the wound in the office, requested that the lady be taken to a more suitable and comfortable place, which was accordingly done as soon as proper arrangements could be made, and, as stated above, is now lying at the home of Peter Confer. The young woman is highly respected in the community in which she resides and has the sympathy of hosts of friends. Her condition at this writing is somewhat encouraging, and hopes are entertained for her recovery.

The young wife murderer was the son of poor but hard-working parents, and they have the sympathy of the entire neighborhood. The funeral of Mr. King took place Wednesday forenoon and was not largely attended. Services were held in the M. E. church at Millheim, conducted by the pastor, Rev. Haven. Interment was made in the Union cemetery.

A LOCAL GRIST OF GREAT VARIETY.

Smith, the photographer, will not be in Centre Hall this week.

Misses Caroline McClaskey and Bertha Armstrong, of Potters Mills, were visitors in Centre Hall Saturday last.

J. H. Bitner, of Potters Mills, offers for sale a perfectly toned silver-plated Eb cornet, Leonard make. 9may3t

Capt. G. M. Boal, Misses Agnes Murray, Blanche Boal and Florence Love were in Bellefonte Saturday shopping.

Son No. 2 put in an appearance at the home of James W. Stuart, New Bloomfield. Grandmother Deininger is with the mother, who is her daughter.

Dr. Geo. L. Lee has purchased the Mrs. Maggie Allison property, now occupied by Angeline Tobias, and will erect a fine residence on it in the near future. — X

S. S. Brown, mine host of the Milroy hotel, passed through Centre Hall the other day with a load of hams and shoulders which he had bought up through Penn's Valley.

James A. Keller Tuesday afternoon was a passenger on the east bound train for Lancaster, where he is witnessing the commencement exercises of the Seminary connected with Franklin and Marshall College.

Miss Josephine Wilson, of Hublersburg, and John D. Allison, of Jamison City, were married at the home of the bride Thursday of last week. The groom is superintendent of a large tannery at his Columbia county home.

Jeff Brown, of Milroy, was in Centre Hall one day last week delivering goods for which he had taken orders. Mrs. Brown and two children, accompanied him, and will remain for a week visiting her parents and sisters.

W. D. Strunk has moved from Julian to Philipsburg.

An Italian dropped dead last week while at work at the Bellefonte furnace. Heart disease was the cause of death.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Corman and Master Ray Williams, of Oak Hall, were in town Saturday. The latter was introduced to the young America of Centre Hall by Donald Sellers.

A. Scott Harris who has been resident manager of the Salona operations of the Bellefonte Lime Co., left Thursday for the copper districts of New Mexico. He expects a good position in one of the mines there.

Rev. R. Crittenden departed on Thursday for Gospel work in parts of Elk county which he has never previously visited. He expects to spend Sunday May 12th with the Seneca Indians on the Cornplanter Reservation.

Dr. James Hosterman, of Ford City, Pa., son of A. P. Hosterman, of Centre Hill, spent a few days with his parents recently. The doctor has built up for himself a splendid practice, which he is giving close attention and consequently made his stay very brief.

Harry Potter, son of Mr. and Mrs. Joshua T. Potter, of near this place, has secured a position with a large publishing house in Harrisburg. Mr. Potter is a graduate of the Lebanon business college, and is well qualified to fill the position he has accepted.

From present indications there will be a good hay crop in Penns Valley. The mow fields to-day look fifty per cent. more promising than they did a year ago. Of course, there are some fields where the seeding is very imperfect that will yield poorly, but generally the outlook for a hay crop is very favorable.

X [illegible]. Res. of Geo. Sharer 1958.

THE BRITISH L... IN SOUTH ...CA.

Over Fifteen Thousand Lives Have Been Sacrificed in Boer War.

2,493 HAVE LEFT THE SERVICE.

The Boers Burn Another Supply Train on the Veld--Gen. French Will Seek to Recuperate --Twenty-Six Americans Among the Prisoners Captured in South Africa, Besides Thirteen Others Claiming to Be Burghers.

London (By Cable).—The War Office officially announced the total number of British deaths in the South African War as 714 officers and 14,264 men, a total of 14,978. Besides these 4 officers and 314 men, a total of 318, have been invalided home and subsequently died. Two thousand four hundred and ninety-three non-commissioned officers and men have left the service unfit for duty. This list does not include the tens of thousands of wounded.

Replying to a question in the House, William St. John Broderick, the War Secretary, said that among the prisoners captured in South Africa were 25 Americans, besides 13 other Americans claiming to be burghers. There was no intention of releasing any of the prisoners until the war was over.

Joseph Chamberlain, the Colonial Secretary, informed a questioner in the House that no gold had been produced in the Transvaal since January 1, but that 50 stamp mills started May 4 and 100 more Monday.

A dispatch to the London Times from Capetown states that "General French will take a sea voyage in order to recuperate." It had been rumored that the Boers had captured him.

Another Capetown dispatch says: "Commandant Kritsinger has burned a British supply train near Royner. Sheeper's and Kritsinger's commandoes, which have been roving in the midlands of the Cape districts five months, are being sharply hustled."

A dispatch from Klerksdorp, in the Transvaal, says: "General Delarey's force of 3000 Boers, who have been in the hills around Hartebeestefontein, is splitting up. Some of the men are moving to the southwest, while others are going north. Delarey himself is moving south."

A complimentary address signed by 10,000 persons was presented to Sir Alfred Milner at a banquet at Capetown.

TO THROW MANCHURIA OPEN.

China Said to Have Made This Offer to the Powers.

London (By Cable).—The Shanghai correspondent of the Times says he has been informed by a high native official that China recently approached the powers, suggesting the complete opening of Manchuria to the enterprise of all countries.

Replies have been received from Japan, the United States and England. Japan cordially approves the suggestion. The United States generally assent, but suggest the application of the principle to the whole empire. England approvesthe suggestion, but it is feared Russia will object.

Kaiser Completes Ministry.

Berlin (By Cable).—The new Prussian ministry is gazetted as follows:

Baron von Rheinbaben, Minister of Finance.

General Podbielski, Minister of Agriculture.

Baron von Hammerstein, District President of Mertz, Minister of the Interior.

Merr Moeller, Minister of Commerce.

Herr Kraetke, Minister of Posts.

Crusade Against Christians.

Constantinople (By Cable).—The Sultan's official organ, the Sabah, is preaching a crusade against Christianity. It says: The Christian missionaries are anarchists, who are undermining the foundations of the Ottoman Empire. They are Giouars, who presume to advocate a heathen belief in opposition to Mohammedanism. In future missionaries will not be allowed to open schools. The government will retard their activity wherever possible."

Improved X-Ray Tubes.

Cardiff (By Cable).—An electrician named Smith has invented two X-ray tubes for which he claims several advantages over the ordinary tubes, especially that they are non-injurious, one of them actually tending to heal burns and wounds. One makes bones and not flesh visible on a photograph plate,while the other makes neither visible, the plate only showing foreign substances.

Fire Disasters in Montreal.

Montreal (Special).—Brunelle's Hotel, a small hostelry in Maissoneuve, an eastern suburb of the city, was burned, and three inmates, Mrs. Brunelle, wife of the proprietor; Octave Leussier, a farmer, and Miss Leussier, perished in the flames. The factory of the Alaska Feather and Down Company was also burned. Loss, $65,000; insurance, $40,000.

Boy With Pistol Killed Brother.

Huntington, W. Va. (Special).—Johnny Snoddy, a ten-year-old boy, was playing with an old pistol, which he supposed was not loaded. He snapped it several times at his four-year-old brother, when suddenly it exploded. The bullet struck the little fellow in the neck, making a wound from which he died.

McKinley Will Not Receive Kruger.

London (By Cable).—The Geneva correspondent of the Daily Mail asserts that President McKinley has informed Mr. Kruger that he cannot receive him either officially or unofficially.

Von Waldersee to Leave Pekin.

Berlin (By Cable).—A dispatch from Pekin says that Field Marshal Count von Waldersee is about to leave Pekin, and that he will make his headquarters on board the hospital ship Gera until he starts on his return to Europe, which will be in the middle of June if things go smoothly.

Another Comet Sighted.

Cape Town (By Cable).—Another comet was observed here. It was traveling in a northwesterly direction.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

Domestic.

The Cuyahoga Savings and Banking Company, of Cuyahoga, Ohio, closed its doors pending an examination of the books of the treasurer, who has disappeared.

Charles Halton, a deserter from Battery F. Second Artillery, stationed at Washington Barracks, was captured in Martinsburg, W. Va., and returned.

The coroner's jury decided that the 8-year-old daughter of William Aikens shot and killed her older sister, near Ballsville, Powhatan county, Va.

It was rumored that the presidency of Western University at Chicago had been offered to Dr. George L. Reed, president of Dickinson College.

J. P. Eppes, who claims to be a Philadelphia commercial traveler, was arraigned in Fredericksburg, Va., on the charge of horse-stealing.

The home of Levy Johnston, in Prince George county, Va., was destroyed by fire and his two children were burned to death.

Leonard S. Outram, of London, a member of Sothern's Company, died suddenly in Carbondale, Pa., from heart failure.

A strike was declared by the machinists employed at the Pressed Steel Car Works, at McKees Rocks, Pa.

Dr. Joseph Eisen, the California expert, who studied the cancer microbe, was operated on for the cancer.

At Rhodesia, La., Felton Brigmer, colored, was lynched for assaulting a little negro girl, and at Brenton, La., Grant Johnson, who ran a disreputable negro gambling place, suffered the same fate.

After a contest among representatives of the various colleges in Virginia, Mr. E. B. Setzler, of the University of Virginia, was selected to represent Virginia in the interstate contest.

A verdict for $1200 was given to Miss Ella Lemon against the Wheeling Traction Company, in Wheeling, W. Va., for injuries received during the strike.

Minister Conger again announces that, while not a candidate for Governor of Iowa, he will accept the Republican nomination if offered him.

W. J. Footner, vice-president and general manager of the Great Northern Express Company, died suddenly of apoplexy in St. Paul.

The State Department received the answer of the British Government justifying the seizure of the wrecking vessel Ajax in Union Bay.

Rev. C. J. Fowler, of Massachusetts, was chosen permanent president of the National Holiness Assembly, in session in Chicago.

John W. Sams, a Union veteran, who killed General A. P. Hill in battle, died at his home in Everett, Pa.

Judge Leathers in Indianapolis, Ind., enjoined the Supreme Council, Order of Chosen Friends, from doing business.

B. M. Dawes and his family had difficulty in escaping from their burning home at Bartonsville, Va.

Dr. Harold Snowden, editor of the Alexandria (Va.) Gazette, died at his home in that city.

The naval board made a favorable report on the torpedo-boat Shubrick.

Notices have been sent out of an increase in the price of window glass.

Governor Odell, of New York, signed the Anti-scalping Bill.

Foreign.

A dispute has arisen between President Baker, of the Atlantic Transport Line, and Mrs. George Cornwallis-West (Lady Randolph Churchill) over ownership of the flag presented by Queen Victoria to the hospital ship Maine.

The old and the new Shamrocks had a trial spin off Southampton, which indicated that the new boat was speedier closehauled, but the old one was just as fast going off and before the wind.

The Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York were given a splendid reception at Melbourne. The great procession passed between the Queen's arch and by a golden statue of Queen Victoria.

Count St. Owen de Pierrecourt bequeathed 10,000,000 francs for marriage gifts to giants—men and women—who marry, in order to regenerate the human species.

The British government has received from Secretary of State Hay the draft of a new Nicaraugua canal treaty, which, it is understood, advises neutrality.

It was announced in the British House of Commons that 26 Americans were among the prisoners captured in South Africa.

A Russian naval lieutenant was shot dead by a German soldier during a quarrel near Tientsin.

The new Prussian ministry is announced, with Baron Rheinbaden as minister of finance.

The House of Commons adopted the coal tax by a vote of 333 to 227.

Mariano Ignacio Prado, ex-president of Peru, is dead.

Many students, male and female; workmen, lawyers and others have been arrested in St. Petersburg and vicinity, and hundreds of houses searched, a course which is likely to increase the troubles in Russia.

Now reported in Berlin that Dr. von Miquel, who resigned as finance minister, will be elevated to a higher rank. Theodore Moeller has been appointed minister of commerce to succeed Brefold.

The old story is again revived that the Pope has made a will designating his successor. Cardinal Rampolla, according to this report, is planning to succeed Leo XIII.

Missionary Owen, of the London Mission, says his reports from the Chinese provinces show the country to be in a deplorable condition.

Richard Redhead, who wrote the music for "Rock of Ages," died at his home in London.

German soldiers guarding a bridge across the Peiho River fired on a British tug and wounded two of the crew.

During a riot caused by Anarchists in Barcelona many people were shot and otherwise wounded.

Financial.

The exports of gold since January 1 have been $15,403,736.

It is again said that the Atchison Company will acquire the Choctaw.

It is said Mr. E. P. Ripley will be made chairman of the Atchison, and that Paul Morton will succeed him as president.

The London "Speaker" says: There is no doubt that a great outcry has been raised in South Wales, Northumberland and Durham in consequence of the imposition of an export duty of a shilling per ton on coal.

ACRES OF ASHES AND MILES OF RUINS.

Nation's Purse Opens and the Hungry Are Being Fed.

CITY NOW UNDER MARTIAL LAW.

Stories of Losses of Life on River Front--First Estimates of the Property Losses Exaggerated by Five or Six Million Dollars --Nearly All the Militia in Florida Doing Guard Duty.

Jacksonville, Fla. (Special). — The great fire has burned itself out. One hundred and forty-eight blocks have been laid waste. The loss will not be known even approximately for a week, but it may amount to $10,000,000.

There are many rumors of loss of life, but as every undertaker in the city was burned out it is impossible to obtain an official report. One story, which is persistently reiterated, is to the effect that a party of men and women, driven to the docks by the fire, were compelled to jump into the water, and that several of them were drowned. Mrs. Hogan, a negro woman, was burned in her house, and her charred remains were buried by friends.

The burned district is 13 blocks wide and two miles long, and extends from the St. Johns River to Catherine street on the east, Orange on the north, and Davis to the west. This immense area was swept as clear as a floor.

The city is under martial law, and all of the available State militia is on duty in the streets of Jacksonville. Some order is being brought out of the confusion. The citizens are facing the emergency calmly and have organized for relief work. Thousands of people are homeless, and many are going to St. Augustine and other coast cities and nearby towns. Supply stations have been established in various parts of the city. The prompt action of Secretary of War Root in tendering the use of the barracks at Fort Barrancas, near St. Augustine, was received with gratitude.

A committee was appointed at a meeting of citizens to telegraph the governors of various States to send all tents they can spare to Jacksonville. It will be weeks before anything like permanent shelter can be provided for the homeless, and Jacksonville for some time to come will be a city of tents.

The relief fund raised by the citizens of Jacksonville amounts to $15,000. This was augmented by a telegram from the Armour Company at Chicago instructing Mayor Bowden to draw $1000. Other subscriptions are being received from many places. The city of Jacksonville has not yet made an official appeal for aid. There seems to be some objection to this, but it is based mainly on the assertion by many leading citizens that Jacksonville and Florida can meet the emergency and care for its own.

THOUSANDS MUST PERISH.

Minister Conger Says Famine is Terrible in Shan Si.

Des Moines, Iowa (Special).—Minister Conger, in reply to a message from Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage, telegraphed:

"The suffering of the famine-stricken people of Shansi is indescribable. Your plan of relief is the best. Put matter in hands of our consuls at Shanghai and Tientsin and heads of missions there. Chinese Government and people will be grateful. Demands of humanity will be satisfied and future good will result. I send by letter $100."

Minister Conger says that the condition of the unfortunate people referred to is beyond description. "Prince Ching told me only two days before I left Pekin," said Minister Conger, "that these people were literally eating each other."

One Killed and Thirty Injured.

Ottumwa, Iowa (Special.)—Burlington passenger train No. 3, while passing Thayer, a small town 18 miles east of Creston, struck an engine attached to a freight train, which was endeavoring to get out of the way by backing on the sidetrack, and was derailed, killing Engineer S. D. Brown, of Burlington, and injuring 30 people, although the names of only 22 are obtainable. The passenger train was running at a speed of about 70 miles an hour. All but the two rear cars of the passenger train left the rails and rolled down a 20-foot embankment.

The Constitution ... Night ... L. I.

Bristol, R. ... (Special).—With ... hull gaily decorated with flags and her deck well filled with sailors, the yacht Constitution was christened by Mrs. W. Butler Duncan, who broke the traditional bottle of wine on her glistening bow just as she started slowly down the ways into the sea.

A platform had been rigged under the bow of the boat, and on this Mrs. Duncan stood when the gong for the starting was sounded. Beside her on the platform was her husband, the manager of the new boat, but the rest of the party stood a little distance off.

At the sound of the gong Mrs. Duncan dashed a bottle of champagne against the yacht's bow, and as the wine gushed in sparkling foam on the prow the sleek racer acquired motion and slowly began her descent into the water. With the breaking of the bottle Mrs. Duncan in a clear voice said, "I christen thee Constitution."

The scene was a brilliant one as the Constitution was slowly lowered into the water, the cheering from the boats outside being loud and vigorous, while the searchlight from the steam yacht Colonia, just outside the dock, illuminated the stern of the Constitution.

CUBAN COMMISSION HOME.

Announce an Understanding Reached, But Want Time to Prepare Report.

Havana (Special.)—The special committee of the Cuban Constitutional Convention, who went to Washington to obtain a better knowledge of the intentions of the United States Government regarding Cuba, arrived here Monday morning. They were met by a delegation of Cubans and by Colonel Scott, representing the military governor.

Senor Llorente said that the commission had held several conferences on the Havana during the trip, and that an understanding had been reached. He explained, however, that it would be necessary to hold another meeting, when the report of the commission would be drawn up and a call issued for a conference with other delegates.

BLEEDING PICTURE OF CHRIST.

Microscopic Investigation of a Peculiar Phenomenon in a Wisconsin Town.

Marinette, Wis. (Special).—At the residence of the Rev. Messrs. Cleary and Papon, of Menominee, Roman Catholic pastors of the Irish and Polish Catholic Catholic churches, respectively, physicians have made a microscopic examination of the spots on the bleeding picture of Christ here. The dictors were unable to decide by the microscope whether the spots were blood. They say that a chemical analysis is necessary.

The priests are inclined to think that the manifestation is ridiculous. The candles are still kept burning about the picture, and many people are praying before it. The fact that two of the priests believe it may prove to be a miracle is causing many to take the matter more seriously.

Came to Burn the Place.

Frederick, Md. (Special).—A man who gave his name as Isaac Tibbitts and said he was from Prince Georges county, made a stir at Montevue Hospital by walking into the building and asserting his intention to burn the place. Night Watchman Harry Snook, attempted to remonstrate with him, whereupon the stranger attacked him. Mr. Snook, being a large man, was able to defend himself, and in a little while overpowered the visitor and had him removed to the insane ward.

Disastrous Fire in Chicago.

Chicago (Special).—Armour & Co.'s beef house, one of the largest buildings at the Stock Yards, caught fire at 6.30 o'clock a. m. and was damaged by flames and water to the value of $100,000. On the fourth floor, awaiting slaughter, were 1600 head of live cattle, which were rescued with great difficulty. The building is a five-story brick, and extends nearly a block. The building also contained 4600 carcasses of dressed beef.

Two Children Burned to Death.

Malone, N. Y.(Special).—Two children named Pringle, aged 8 and 12 years—a boy and a girl—were burned to death in Burke, N. Y. The remainder of the family were at church, and the house caught fire after the children had gone to bed.

SEVEN PERSONS PERISH BY FIRE IN CHICAGO.

Chicago (Special).—Seven persons were burned to death, three fatally injured and several others slightly burned and otherwise injured in a fire that destroyed a three-story apartment building at 9316 Marquette avenue, South Chicago.

While the occupants of the burning buildings were struggling with the smoke and flames in hope of forcing their way to safety, the firemen who were responding to the alarm were vainly waiting for a freight train, which blocked the way of the fire engines, to move on and let them pass to the fire.

Marshal Driscoll, in charge of the firemen, called to the conductor and brakemen to move the train, but they refused to comply with his request. The police were sent for and the crew was arrested. Then, under orders of the fire marshal, the train was backed from the crossing, but by the time the firemen reached the burning building it had been destroyed.

Scattered among the embers were found the charred remains of the victims. The bodies were burned beyond recognition and were identified in various ways.

The train crew, who live at Elkhart, Ind., are being held without bail awaiting the verdict of a coroner's inquest.

The origin of the fire is unknown. The building was an old one, built of wood, and burned so rapidly that all avenues of escape by stairways were cut off before the occupants were aware of the fire.

Officials of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway declare that the blocking lasted but a few minutes and that the members of the train crew did everything in their power to make way for the fire engines. Conductor Brown, who was arrested, claims one of the firemen uncoupled the air brakes and the engineer was unable to move the train.

He Shot His Wife.

Jacksonville, Fla. (Special).—F. R. Armstrong, a well-known grocery merchant, shot and fatally wounded his wife in front of the residence of the victim's mother. When Armstrong fired the first shot his wife fell on her face. He then fired three shots into her body. Armstrong's wife went to the home of her mother three weeks ago. He visited her in the afternoon and again at night, when she had gone to church. He waited for her and shot her before she got inside the gate. Armstrong was arrested.

Boy Kills His Roommate.

Louisville, Ky. (Special).—Charles Washington, a nineteen-year-old boy, killed Irwin Malayan, aged sixteen years, by hitting him on the head with a baseball bat. Both were inmates of the Louisville School of Reform, Wasington being a government prisoner, sent here for robbing the postoffice at Altamount, Knox county. The boys were getting ready to go to Sunday School when Washington quarreled with Melayan. Washington stepped up behind him and mashed his skull.

...E GERMANS FIRE ON A BRITISH TUG.

Now Its An International Ruffle at Tien Tsin.

TWO OF BOAT'S CREW WOUNDED.

The Germans Guarding a Bridge Across the Pei Ho River--The Bridge Impedes River Traffic, the British Tug Touches It, and the Germans Instantly Blaze Away--Country in Bad Condition.

Tientsin (By Cable).—Some German soldiers who were guarding a German bridge across the Peiho river, at the south end of the British concession here, fired on a British tug, the Ego, wounding two of her crew. The bridge impedes river traffic, and the tug touched it.

The ministers and generals have agreed upon the Peiho River Improvement Commission, which is to be composed of one member each from the consular body, the Tientsin provisional government, and the commissioners of customs, and the following have been nominated: From the consular body, Mr. Hopkins; from the provisional government, General Wogack, and from the commissioners of customs, Herr Detring. It is intended that the commission shall begin its work immediately.

Pekin (By Cable).—A majority of the foreign ministers will leave Pekin next week for the Western Hills, to spend the summer, taking with them their military guards for their protection, their intention being to come to Pekin for the purpose of holding meetings and attending to necessary business.

Missionary Owen, of the London Mission, says all the reports received by his mission from the provinces show the country to be in a deplorable state. Discontent and intense hatred of foreigners prevail, and worse conditions than existed before the siege are threatened. The departure of the troops, he predicts, will be signalized by a massacre of the native Christians. "Those unable to recognize the facts, and reporting otherwise to their governments," says Mr. Owen, "are as wilfully blind as before."

DOUBLE TRAGEDY IN NEW YORK.

Farmer Kills His Hired Man, Who Had Just Murdered the Farmer's Wife.

Little Falls, N. Y. (Special).—A double murder occurred in the town of Warren, near Richfield Springs. The victims were Benjamin Hoyt and Mrs. John C. Wallace. Hoyt murdered Mrs. Wallace and was afterwards shot by Mr. Wallace.

Wallace is a wealthy farmer, and Hoyt was employed by him as a hired man. A year ago Mrs. Wallace, who was about 55 years of age, eloped with Hoyt, who was only 35. They returned to Wallace's home last fall, and the wife was taken back by her husband and Hoyt again given employment on the farm. Recently Hoyt has been importuning Mrs. Wallace to elope with him again, but she refused.

A bitter quarrel started, and Hoyt was ordered to leave the house by both Wallace and his wife. He refused to go, and Wallace stepped into another room, presumably to get a gun. As soon as he left the room Hoyt shot Mrs. Wallace, the ball killing her instantly. Mr. Wallace then rushed into the room. As he did so Hoyt shot at him, but the bullet went wide. Wallace then shot and killed Hoyt.

NATION OF COFFEE DRINKERS.

United States Consumes More Per Capita Than Any Other Country.

Washington (Special).—The United States is the greatest coffee-consuming country in the world, and is said to be sending abroad $1,000,000 weekly in payment for the bean from which the drink is brewed. During the nine months ended March last the importations of coffee amounted to $617,344,000 pounds, valued at $45,218,000, an increase of nearly $5,000,000 compared with the same months in the preceding year.

There is a probability that this great sum will be diverted to our territories—the Philippines, Porto Rico and Hawaii—in the course of time. All of these islands are said to possess soil suitable for growing high grades of coffee.

As stated, the United States is the greatest consumer. Compared with other countries the per capita consumption in pounds in 1889 was as follows: United Kingdom, .72; Italy, .98; Austria-Hungary, 2.04; France, 4.62; German Empire, 6.12; United States, 10.79.

Sold Pulpit for Salary.

Carnegie (Special).—To get back salary due him the Rev. Pinkham P. Samuels, pastor of the Second Baptist Church of this place, sold the pulpit. Mr. Samuels says he was to receive a salary of $40 a month. Members of the congregation say he was to receive only what was collected weekly in excess of $9. Recently Mr. Samuels received a call and accepted. When he asked for what was due him—about $25—he was told "there was nothing doing." He secured a constable's writ and sold the pulpit for $24.25.

Money for Southern Schools.

Cambridge, Mass. (Special).—The will of Mary Shannon, of Newton, filed in the Middlesex Probate Court, contributes more than $125,000 to charitable and public institutions. The Hampton (Va.) Normal and Agricultural Institute gets $10,000; the Tuskegee (Ala.) Institution, Kittrell (N. C.) Normal and Industrial School for Negroes, Atlanta (Ga.) University and Mallalieu Seminary for Poor Whites, Kinsey, Henry county, Ala., receive $5000 each. The Newton (Mass.) Hospital and other Newton institutions are given $46,000 in all, and various other Massachusetts institutions receive $32,000.

Temple to Ingersoll's Memory.

Chicago (Special).—The building in Chicago of a $100,000 temple to the memory of Robert G. Ingersoll, in which the teachings of the orator and agnostic shall be perpetuated, is the purpose of the Ingersoll Memorial Asociation, incorporated at Springfield.

Hundreds of Arrests in Russia.

St. Petersburg (By Cable).—There have been several hundred arrests and seizures in connection with the alleged revolutionary movement. It is reported that persons of high positions and reputation are involved.

LIVE NATIONAL ...

New Nicaragua Canal Treaty.

It is learned from an authoritative source that before Secretary Hay left here for the West he had several conferences with Lord Pauncefote relative to the bases for another isthmian canal treaty, and that an unofficial written memorandum also was submitted to Lord Pauncefote on the subject.

The Ambassador has made known the general results of these conversations and of the memorandum to the authorities in London, and it is, doubtless, to this that allusion is made in the London dispatch. It is said, however, that the negotiations are so tentative and informal that they are not regarded as an official exchange or proposition. What they embody is not made known here, though it is understood they are chiefly an exposition of the views held by United States Senators as to the essential features which should be included in a treaty.

While this is not a proffer of a treaty it conveys to the British authorities what is considered essential by the Senators, who control the ratification of any treaty which will be made. It also is learned indirectly from Senators who have been consulted that among the chief features in the negotiations are a neutralizing of the canal, the United States alone undertaking to guarantee this neutrality, and the admission of all shipping on an equal basis with that of the United States.

No Gold in Samoa.

The State Department has made public a report from Consul-General L. W. Osborn, at Apia, Samoa, in which he says:

"I have from time to time made investigations, and if there are minerals—gold, silver, mica, nickel, zinc, tin or any other—in these islands I have been unable to find them or to find any person who has any knowledge of the fact. If there is any 'gold mining company,' as reported in United States papers, the records do not disclose the fact and the officials have no information upon the subject. No steamers, schooners or other vessels are engaged in transporting sands or ores to Sydney, or to San Francisco, or elsewhere. No such persons as those named as constituting the 'gold mining company' are known here."

To Get Volunteers Home by July 1.

Gen. Bird, of the army transport service, received a cable despatch from Col. Miller, Chief Quartermaster at Manila, giving the program for the departure of transports with the remaining ten Volunteer regiments now in the Philippines. The despatch says that the Hancock, Buford and Pennsylvania will sail on May 10 with the 31st, 41st and 40th regiments, respectively. Ten days later the Logan and Kilpatrick, with the 38th, 43d and 44th regiments, and the Indiana, with the 42d, will sail. The Grant and Ohio will sail on May 25 with the 48th, 49th and 47th regiments. Col. Miller says that these are approximate, but Gen. Bird says that he has no doubt the last regiment will arrive in San Francisco in time to be mustered out before the 1st of July, in accordance with the law.

Our Stock of Money, $2,483,524,650.

The general stock of money in the United States on May 1, according to a statement prepared at the Treasury Department, was $2,483,524,650, of which $288,220,415 was held in the United States Treasury as assets of the Government. Based on an estimated population of 77,536,000, the circulation of money per capita was $28.31. Compared with the conditions on May 1, 1900, the general stock shows an increase of $160,481,677; the cash in the Treasury shows an increase of $25,702,905, the amount in circulation an increase of $134,778,772, and the per capita an increase of $1.73.

Yellow Jack in Havana.

Yellow fever has made its appearance in Havana, and the order of the Secretary of the Treasury suspending the quarantine regulations until the 15th instant has been revoked. The news of the presence of the disease was forwarded to the Surgeon General of the Marine Hospital Service by Dr. Glennan, chief quarantine officer for Cuba. He says there are two cases of the fever in Havana, but makes no report for other ports of the island. The quarantine regulations, which go into effect immediately, require certificates of immunity from persons coming from Cuba to the United States through Southern ports, and five days absence from Cuba on the part of persons coming from that island through Northern ports.

Root Loses His Secretary.

Mr. W. S. Coursey, who has been private secretary to Elihu Root since the latter has been a member of the Cabinet, has resigned to accept a position with the North American Trust Company in New York.

Capital News in General.

Claims were filed with the Spanish Claims Commission on account of the Maine explosion.

Minister Loomis visited the State Department to give notice that he would spend his leave of absence in Europe.

The State Department paid to the Mexican Ambassador $2000 as indemnity for the heirs of Florentino Sisto, who was lynched in La Salle county, Texas.

The Woman's Home and Foreign Missionary Society of the Evangelical Lutheran Church adjourned to meet in Pittsburg in 1903.

Admiral Farquhar was elected chairman of the United States Lighthouse Board.

Col. Charles I. Wilson, assistant paymaster general, was placed on the retired list on account of age. Colonel Wilson was born in the District of Columbia, but was appointed to the Army from New York.

Secretary Root issued an order abolishing various arsenals, including the one at Fort Monroe.

Our New Possessions.

Civil government in Manila was established as a preliminary to the inauguration of a general civil government.

The Philippine Commission is unwilling at present to permit the experiment of elections in Manila, although they have been authorized in all the other municipalities. Judge Taft says a municipal government for Manila will soon be created. The officers will probably be appointive.

The transport Sedgwick sailed from San Juan with 19 Porto Rican youths, who are coming to the United States to be educated.

TO MARRY OR NOT TO MARRY.

A Girl's Reverie, by Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

Mother says, "Be in no hurry,
Marriage oft means care and worry."

Auntie says, with manner grave,
"Wife is synonyme for slave."

Father asks, in tones commanding,
"How does Bradstreet rate his standing?"

Sister, crooning to her twins,
Sighs, "With marriage care begins."

Grandma, near life's closing days,
Murmurs "Sweet are girlhood's ways."

Maud, twice widowed ("sod and grass"),
Looks at me and moans "Alas!"

They are six, and I am one,
Life for me has just begun.

They are older, calmer, wiser,
Age should aye be youth's adviser.

They must know—and yet, dear me,
When in Harry's eyes I see

All the world of love there burning—
On my six advisers turning,

I make answer, "Oh, but Harry
Is not like most men who marry.

"Fate has offered me a prize,
Life with love means Paradise.

"Life without it is not worth
All the foolish joys of earth."

So in spite of all they say
I shall name the wedding day.
—New York Journal.

A Remarkable Duel.

How a God-fearing Soldier Wiped Out an Insult.

The duel between Count Boni de Castellane and Fernand de Rodays, fought in the Parc des Princes in Paris, in which the famous editor of Figaro was wounded, recalls a tragic duel which occurred at Nantes in 1853, and is graphically described by Maurice Mauris.

Oliver Fontaine, lieutenant in a light-infantry regiment stationed there, belonged to an old Toulouse family. His mother, to whom he was devoted, had educated him in the most orthodox fashion. He fulfilled his religious duties in the regiment as regularly as though he had been tied to her apron string. The Bishop of Nantes, who in his youth had been a cavalry officer, used to say that Lieutenant Fontaine would have made a better bishop than himself. He was a good and amiable companion, as well as a loyal, active, and dutiful soldier. He was idolized by all his fellow-officers excepting one — Lieutenant Trouillefou, who owed his commission to the Revolution of 1848. Trouillefou was a perfect type of vulgarity and ignorance, and a declared enemy of all that was noble, delicate, and refined. He continually boasted of a slight wound received in a fight at the barricades. In his eyes there was no glory beyond that gained in revolutionary wars. Like most ignorant men, Trouillefou wanted to pass as a learned man. His historical blunders were without parallel. One day, while the glories of the French army before the Revolution of 1789 were being discussed by a group of officers seated at a table of a cafe, the name of Marshal Saxe was mentioned.

"What do you talk about?" interrupted Trouillefou. "Marshal Saxe was not before the Revolution." The officers looked at each other in astonishment. "Don't you know that he was killed at Marengo?"

"True," Fontaine replied; "but at Marengo the name of De Saxe was pronounced Desaix."

From that day Trouillefou's hatred for Fontaine increased. He never missed an occasion to insult the religious feelings of his comrade. He called him a canting priest, a nun, and similar names. Fontaine for a time bore good-naturedly these idiosyncracies, but at last requested Trouillefou to stop them. Trouillefou complied with the request, and Fontaine, forgetful of his unpleasant remarks, treated him with cordiality. Two months later, several officers were gathered around a table in the same cafe. One, recently returned from a trip to Switzerland, was speaking of Thorwaldsen's monument to the martyrs of the Swiss revolution of 1772.

"The poor Swiss!" exclaimed one of the party. "Really, they have always had bad luck. Even in our revolutions they generally received our first blows."

"It is true," added Fontaine. "It was against them that, in 1658, the Parisians, under the Duc de Guise, constructed their first barricades."

Lieutenant Fontaine had hardly uttered the word "barricades," when Trouillefou, who was smoking at the next table, and apparently perusing a newspaper, arose from his seat and struck the speaker in the face. There was great excitement. Trouillefou was asked why he had struck his comrade. With flushed face, bloodshot eyes, and foaming lips, he said: "He has spoken disrespectfully of barricades for the purpose of again insulting me. No one shall insult me without a blow."

Fontaine was as white as a sheet. He trembled. Two large tears stole down his cheeks. He kept his eyes on Trouillefou; at his nonsensical remark he wiped them, covered his head with his military cap, hurled at Trouillefou the words, "You are an ass and a coward," and left the coffee-house. Comrades offered to accompany him, but he declined their offer. He walked straight to the chapel of the Virgin, fell upon his knees, and buried himself in prayer. There he remained two hours. When he left the church he was as calm as though nothing had happened. Nearly all the officers of the regiment offered their services as seconds. He thanked them, but declared that he had sought advice from One "whose wisdom and love had never deceived him," and that he had irrevocably determined not to challenge Trouillefou. The officers were astounded. Some remarked that military honor required that he should fight. He replied that Christian honor forbade it; that Jesus had set an example of forgiveness that no Christian ought to disregard. Warned by others that he would be suspected of cowardice, he answered that he believed he could offer better evidence of his courage by obeying God than by yielding to human prejudice. If the army and the world misjudged his motives, he did not care, for God read his heart.

Although esteemed and loved by all his comrades, Lieutenant Fontaine could not convince them of the correctness of his views. His refusal to fight created such a commotion in the regiment that the colonel deemed it prudent to interfere. He summoned the officer to his presence. "Is it true," he asked, "that you have been slapped in the face by Lieutenant Trouillefou?"

"Yes, Colonel," he replied.

"Have you asked for satisfaction?"

"No, Colonel."

"You must ask for it without delay."

"I shall not, for three reasons," was the reply.

"Let us have your reasons," rejoined the old officer.

"Because dueling is opposed to human law, to divine law, and to common sense."

"Is that all?" the Colonel inquired.

"Yes, Colonel."

"Well, Monsieur Fontaine, if before the end of the week you do not challenge Trouillefou to a duel, I will expel you from the regiment."

Fontaine remarked that only soldiers guilty of crime deserved expulsion. The Colonel rejoined that to stain the uniform of a regiment with cowardice was a crime, and repeated his threat. Fontaine left without flinching in his determination.

The general then intervened. As he loved the officer dearly, he entreated him to fight, for the honor of his regiment. The lieutenant firmly replied: "Order me to give up life in behalf my country, or society, or religion, of any noble cause, and I will willingly encounter death. But ask me not to disobey the gospel."

Fontaine, however, could not resist the treatment of his comrades and subordinates. He tendered his resignation. The minister of war replied that it could not be accepted under the circumstances. He could only be dismissed in disgrace. That filled the measure. One evening Fontaine again walked into the Cafe Cambronne, where his comrades were assembled.

"Gentlemen," said he, "you were witnesses of the insult received from Lieutenant Trouillefou. I intended to forgive it, because my religion teaches me to forgive. You will have it otherwise, and I obey you. God, who has witnessed the struggle of my heart, will allot to each his share of responsibility for what may happen. You force me to fight. I will fight. I make two conditions. First, that all who were present at the outrage shall witness the reparation; second, that the latter be proportionate to the offense. I want a duel to the death, with pistols, and only one of them loaded, the distance to be fifteen feet. Do you accept, Lieutenant Trouillefou?"

The latter hesitated, but finally stammered, "All right."

"To-morrow, at six o'clock in the morning, in the Forest of Chavandiere, by the cross road of the Trois-Louvards," said Fontaine.

A roar of applause greeted his words. The officers crowded around him to congratulate him upon his determination and to protest their friendship.

"Wait until to-morrow, gentlemen," the lieutenant replied. "You have suspected me of being a coward. Before protesting your friendship, you had better see me on the ground;" and he withdrew.

At the appointed time the officers of the regiment were at the Trois-Louvards. The colonel loaded one of the pistols, enveloped them in a silk handkerchief, and requested Fontaine to choose a weapon, as he was the insulted party. The combatants were placed fifteen feet from each other. The officers silently formed in two lines, on the right and left of the duelists, and the colonel gave the word.

Trouillefou was the first to fire. His pistol carried no bullet. He staggered as though already wounded. Fontaine could now forgive. But his moral feeling had given way under the pressure of bitter sarcasm. He calmly leveled his weapon, fired, and Trouillefou fell, with a shattered skull. There was a cry of horror. The spectators rushed toward the dead duelist. But before they reached him, Fontaine was at his side. He dipped his hand in the blood of the dead officer, and with that blood washed the cheek upon which he had been struck, exclaiming: "Well, gentlemen, do you think the insult sufficiently washed away?" Then, running like a lunatic, he disappeared in the forest, and was seen no more at Nantes. Years afterward he was discovered in a monastery at Rome, where, under the religious name of Fra Pancrazio, he was still praying for the remission of his sins, and for the eternal salvation of the man whom he had killed.—San Francisco Argonaut.

A COSTLY VENTURE.

Von Zeppelin Sinks a Pile of Money in His Airship.

In July last, and again in October, experiments were made in aerial navigation at Friedrichshafer, on Lake Constance, by a rich German military officer, Count von Zeppelin. These were reported in the New York Tribune at the time. It will be remembered that the court's airship was a cylinderical gas reservoir, 400 feet in length and 37 feet in diameter. It was divided up into a number of compartments. Two tiny boats were suspended from the reservoir, and gas engines and screw propellers were employed to drive the colossal object through the air.

The possibility of getting this craft up without accident and of coming down again (on the surface of a lake), of keeping right side up while flying in comparatively calm weather, and of steering from side to side, was demonstrated in a satisfactory manner. But it was not practicable to develop a higher speed than six or eight miles, and consequently the ship could not cope with a wind of a greater velocity than that.

As might have been expected, this venture cost an enormous amount of money, most of which was supplied by the builder himself. But the count was a member of the King of Wurtemberg's staff, and succeeded in interesting the King to such an extent that the latter not only contributed money, but also personally attended one of the trials. It is now announced that the stock company formed to help the count has been dissolved, and it is doubtful if anything will ever be heard of the Von Zeppelin airship again. The count is now practically a bankrupt, and no one is likely to advance any more money to promote further experiments.

Although a good deal of engineering skill as well as money was put into this venture, it was unfortunate in one important respect. The ship was altogether too big and the engine too feeble. Airships of this type have been able to develop twice as great a speed as Von Zeppelin secured. And if he wanted to beat the record he should have increased the proportion between the size of the craft and the amount of motive power employed. A self-propelled airship that will make only six or eight miles an hour might serve some good purpose, perhaps, but a much greater velocity seems to be essential either for military observation in time of war or geographical research. Moreover, when testing any new principles or apparatus, it is always wise to work on a small scale at first, and build on a big one only after the complete success of the mechanism has been demonstrated. Hiram Maxim seems to have made the same mistake as the Wurtemberger. Langley has sensibly continued his operations to mere models, though the latter were big enough to show what he wanted to find out.

Crows as Enemies of Terrapins.

The crow is the evil genius of the turtle just as of the diamond-back and other terrapins. When the warm days of spring come and the female terrapins and turtles leave their beds in the marsh, the crow goes on guard, knowing that a season of feasting is at hand. Both terrapins and turtles seek the warm sandy uplands near the shore to deposit their eggs. A hole is dug several inches deep and from twenty to thirty inches oblong, white eggs are deposited and then the nest is filled or covered with sand. Having neatly piled the sand over the eggs, the turtle raises herself just as high as is possible, then comes down with a heavy thud on the sand. This is continued until the sand is quite hard, when the eggs are left for the sun to hatch.

In the meantime the crow has been on guard, and by means of his sharp bill and strong claws the work of breaking into the treasure house of the unsuspecting turtle is quickly accomplished and the feast is soon over. The crow is considered by many to be the greatest enemy the diamond-back has. It is an easily established fact that the crow destroys thousands of the eggs of all kinds of terrapins, not making an exception of the diamond-backs.—Baltimore Sun.

Diet of Condemned Criminals.

"The condemned man ate a hearty breakfast of ham and eggs, coffee, and rolls." The account of an execution, at least in America, which doesn't contain these words undoubtedly would be returned to the reporter to rewrite. There once was a criminal who within two hours of when he was to walk to the gallows "with a firm step" declined the ham with thanks, for fear that it might prove indigestible.

In England they don't feed up their condemned criminals as well as we do over here. While Bennett, the Yarmouth murderer, and Parker, who killed his victim in a railway compartment carriage, were passing the time between their conviction and sentence and the day on which they were to hang their diet was that of the infirmary in the hospital, and consequently was exceedingly simple. Of course, they were not allowed to have alcoholic beverages of any kind, even on the morning of their execution, to enable them to walk "with a firm step," but even the solace of tobacco was denied to them.—New York Press.

The average depth of the ocean is a little less than three miles, or 15,000 feet.

JOKERS BUDGET

OF RARE VOLUMES

Man—would you make an astounding book—
Which with downright charm were sure to draw?
Oh, let the world on this title look:—
"Love Letters to My Mother-in-Law."
—Chicago Record-Herald.

BEYOND A WHISPER.

"It is a great drawback to be getting deaf."

"Yes, it is; people quit telling you secrets."

BUSINESSLIKE.

Daughter—Must love letters be answered, papa?

Father (busy with his books)—Only when return stamps are inclosed.

A CRUSHING OUTCOME.

"Joe, have you ever experienced a heartfelt disappointment?"

"Yes; I once tried to dye this old red mustach brown, and it turned green."—Detroit Free Press.

THE LAW.

Prisoner—It's difficult to see how I can be a forger, your lordship. Why, I can't sign my own name!

Judge—You are not charged with signing your own name.—Tit-Bits.

WORSE.

Cholly—They're saying that the valet whom you discharged yesterday used some plain language to you.

Fweddy—Plain? Baw Jove, it was positively ugly!"—Chicago Tribune.

SUCCESS.

"Why do they speak of the secret of success?"

"Just a form of speach."

"Because, as a matter of fact, there's no secret about it. Success always tells."—Philadelphia Times.

SAFELY AMATEURISH.

Barbara—Blanche, what is a dilettante?

Blanche—Oh, a dilettante is a person who doesn't know enough about any one art to be a bore.—Chicago Record-Herald.

INGRATITUDE.

"No. I won't give you a piece of my apple," snapped his sister.

"And who was it," the boy inquired reproachfully, "that spoiled the piano so you didn't have to practice for a week?"—Philadelphia Times.

NATIONAL ANTIPATHIES.

Young Dr. Smith—A patient got very angry the other day because I advised him to take a Turkish bath.

Mrs. Dr. Smith—I don't see why anybody should get mad about that.

Young Dr. Smith—Well, this fellow was a Greek.—Judge.

PATHETIC CASE.

"Dabney stayed away from Miss Jipp's wedding from grief, didn't he? You know she jilted him."

"He let the impression get out that it was grief, but he told me it was because he couldn't borrow a dress suit."—Chicago Record.

NOT A LAWYER'S WITNESS.

Client—Well, did I make a good witness?

Lawyer—Yes; between you and that stupid jury you took some pounds out of my pocket.

Client—Why, I won the case, didn't I?

Lawyer—That's just the point; I wanted a chance to appeal.—Tit-Bits.

EXPLAINED.

"There is a remarkable child," said the visitor at the school. "Wonderful determination. He is the only child I ever saw who kept his eyes on his books when the fire engines were passing."

"Yes," answered the teacher. "The poor little fellow is quite hard of hearing."—Washington Star.

THE BEST PRESERVER.

Customer—I want to get something that will preserve wood.

New Clerk—Yess, sir, here's just the thing you want.

Customer — Nonsense! That's a padlock.

New Clerk—Yes, sir. Put that on your woodshed door and no thief will ever get in.—Philadelphia Press.

LONG SUFFERING.

McJigger—What do you think of Jigley marrying that girl who stutters so?

Thingumbob—He's in luck. She certainly won't be able to outtalk him.

McJigger—Nonsense! They say she's very determined. Just imagine how frightfully long it will take her to give him a piece of her mind.—Philadelphia Press.

SOME ONE BLUNDERED.

Jack's father and mother were having a very heated discussion at the table one day. They entirely forgot him, and, as the argument waxed hotter, he looked from one to the other with real concern on his chubby face. Presently, during a lull, he cleared the air by asking, pointedly:

"Papa, did you marry mamma, or did mamma marry you?"—Brooklyn Life.

In 139 workhouses of England and Wales are 2,784 inmates who have lived under George III., George IV., William IV, Victoria and the present King. Indigency seems a fairly healthful condition in Britain.

PENNSYLVANIA NEWS.

The Latest Happenings Gleaned From All Over the State.

GOVERNOR STONE SIGNS MANY BILLS

Report of Banking Commissioner Reeder--Cumberland County Farmer Dies of Wounds Inflicted by Himself--Help Was Scarce and He Shot Himself--Miner Crushed to Death at Keyley Run Colliery--Other Live News.

Governor Stone has signed the following bills: Establishing a separate Orphans' Court for Montgomery county. Repealing the act to change the time for holding the borough and township elections in Clearfield county, and to fix the compensation of election officers therein. Validating official acts done and performed by burgesses holding offices under irregular elections or appointments. Authorizing borough Councils to contract with any incorporated water company authorized to do business within such municipality for a supply of water for fire protection and for other municipal purposes. Approving the removal of the library of the Pittsburg Library Association and authorizing the keeping and maintaining thereof at any place in the city of Pittsburg or borough or suburb adjoining that city. Directing how to proceed when a county has been divided and a new county erected therefrom on mortgages, judgments, liens and other records which have been made or entered in the original county and relate to or affect lands or tenements in the new county. Making it a misdemeanor to place free or trial samples of medicine, dyes, ink, coloring or polishing compounds in any form where children can secure the same. To prevent burgesses and Councilmen of boroughs from soliciting or receiving bribes and to punish any person who may offer to bribe the same. Authorizing trust companies to become bondsmen for liquor dealers. Validating mortgages, conveyances and other instruments which have been defectively acknowledged.

The report of Banking Commissioner Reeder, just made public, shows a most encouraging condition of the banks of the State. The total number of banks, trust companies and savings institutions under the supervision of the department is 228, an increase of twenty-six since the last annual report. The aggregate capital of these institutions is $50,567,195, an increase of $5,450,577.50, as compared with last year. The other totals are as follows: Surplus, $36,209,727.79, increase of $9,613,869.54; undivided profits, $17,004,901.63, decrease, $958,357.29; deposits, $355,477,432.49, increase of $30,596,726.65; cash on hand and due from banks and bankers, $57,395,801.33, increase of $4,974,916.98; loans, $103,491,558.41, increase of $5,218,985.79; investment securities, $213,929,735.15, increase of $22,664,256.12; trust funds invested, $435,277,713.81; uninvested, $13,159,661.60; loans to directors of banks have decreased from $3,655,791.52 in 1892 to $1,775,646.11 last year. The average deposits of each depositor in all institutions was $490.79.

Josiah F. Lilly, a well-to-do farmer living not far from Bethlehem, who had become despondent because farm help is scarce, shot himself.

John A. Weaver, of Kutztown, has instituted a suit in trespass against the Philadelphia and Reading Railway and Welsh Bros., circus proprietors, to recover damages for injuries received through the alleged joint negligence of the defendants. On September 21 Mr. Weaver, while a passenger on a Reading train, was sitting at the window with his arm on the sill, when the engineer suddenly applied the air brakes, the jar throwing Weaver forward. At the same time the door of a circus car on the next track swung outward, its wooden clamp striking Weaver's elbow, and crushing his arm so badly that it had to be amputated.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Stomel, of Swarthmore, had a narrow escape from burning to death. About 2 o'clock flames were observed issuing from the kitchen of their residence. The building being frame the flames quickly spread, and in a short time the whole lower floor was ablaze. After great difficulty the occupants of the house were aroused, but the flames had progressed so far that they had to make their escape out the second story window. The fire companies of Swarthmore, Morton and Rutledge responded to the alarm. The loss on the building and contents, both of which were destroyed, is said to be about $5000.

Raymond Palmer, of Wilkesbarre, who bought George Rosengrant's wife for $10 a short time ago, has loaned the lady to her former spouse just for a few days that he may transact some legal business. Palmer and his purchased wife live at South Mountain and Rosengrant at Forkston, where he has a little property. He is selling this and requires his wife's signatures to the deeds. At the time Mrs. Rosengrant assumed another name Rosengrant presented the happy couple with a pig for which he paid nearly all the $10 he had made by the transaction.

Dr. M. C. Welsh, of the Philadelphia Municipal Hospital, and an authority on contagions diseases, was called to Lebanon and pronounced a large number of supposed cases of chicken pox as genuine small pox. Five people in the home of A. Sholly have the disease. Infected children have intermingled without attempt at quarantine regulations, and as a result the discase has spread to unknown limits.

Hiram Snyder, a farmer, of Big Bend, who had been missing young lambs for some time, set a trap over a dead sheep. Next morning he found a large gray eagle caught fast by one foot. The bird put up a fierce fight, scratching and biting Snyder in the face, hands and legs before he finally subdued it. It measures seven feet and six inches from tip to tip.

Mrs. Daniel Shovlin, while feeding chickens at Edgewood Park, was attacked, by a hawk measuring almost four feet from wing to wing. She was in danger of having her eyes picked out when her husband, armed with a club, came to the rescue. The bird attacked him, but was killed by a blow on the head.

A fire which promised great loss to life and property broke out in the Spackman block, Coatesville, but fortunately all the occupants of the building were rescued. The loss by fire was about $5000.

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

General Trade Conditions.

New York (Special).—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: "The greatest activity ever seen in Wall street diverts attention in a measure from progress in distributing and manufacturing operations. But while on every hand stock market interests are counseling caution and attempting to prove that prices are really more than condition of some of our railroads warrant, the fact remains that, without a brilliant crop outlook and a great activity of general trade, Wall street could hold no such carnival.

"Labor difficulties are fewer and less threatening than for several years before in the first week of May, and prices of merchandise hold well.

"Stability of prices and vigorous prosecutions of work at mills indicate the wholesome condition of the iron and steel markets. Throughout the entire range of products of this industry the current demand for immediate delivery exceeds all previous records, yet makers maintain a conservative position and prices are not pushed up to the danger point.

"Further advances were secured in the cereal market, Chicago speculators being forced to cover May corn contracts at 55 cents. Attractive prices brought more liberal receipts at interior cities and also stimulated operations on the farm. Wheat also attained a high point, advancing in sympathy with corn.

"The marvelously healthy condition of business is best appreciated when it is discovered that the defaults in last month were the smallest in ninety-one months, with the exception of May to August, 1899, inclusive. In manufacturing lines there were but 163 failures, with a total indebtedness of $1,997,694, against 178 last year for $4,514,003. As 1899 reported the smallest liabilities of any full year for two decades, last month's good showing is made manifest by default in manufacturing concerns, $777,965 smaller than two years ago. Trading failures were 555 for $3,163,823 and banking defaults were $529,000."

LATEST QUOTATIONS.

Baltimore.

Flour—Baltimore Best Patent....4.75a
High Grade Extra.....4.25a
Cornmeal, per 100 pounds.....1.15a1.25
Hominy, per bbl.....2.60a2.70
Hominy Grits, per bbl.....2.60a2.70

Wheat.—No. 2 red 80c, and 77½c for steamer No. 2 red; sample lots 72a80¼; Western, May 79¼c.

Corn.—Sales of white were at 51c, and of cargoes yellow at 50½c; cob corn, yellow on spot at $2.60a2.65 per bbl.

Oats.—White No. 2, 33½a34c; white, No. 3, 32½a33c; mixed, No. 2, 31a31½c.

Rye.—No. 2 rye, in car lots, 57c; No. 3 rye, 55c; No. 2 Western rye, 58c; export elevator and 59a60c on track uptown.

Mill Feed.—$19.00 per ton; medium do, $18.50.

Hay.—No. 1 Timothy, $17.00; No. 2 timothy, $16.00a16.50; No. 3 timothy, $15.50a16.00; No. 1 clover, mixed, $15.50a16.00; No. 2 clover mixed, $14.00a15.00; No. 1 clover, $14.00a14.50; No. 2 clover, $12.50a13.50.

Green Fruits and Vegetables.—Onions, per bushel, $1.40. Cabbage, Danish, per ton, $15.00a16.00; do, new Florida, per crate, $2.25a2.60; do, Charleston, per crate, $2.50a2.75. Celery, Florida, per crate, $1.50a2.00. Apples, per bbl, $1.50a3.50. Oranges, $2.00a3.00. Strawberries, per quart, 15a30c.

Potatoes.—We quote: White, Maryland and Pennsylvania primes, per bus, 40a45c; do, New York primes, per bus, 45a47c; do, Michigan and Ohio, per bus, 43a46c; do, new, Bermuda, per bbl, No. 1, $5.00a6.00; do, do, No. 2, $4.00a5.00; do, new Florida, per bbl, No. 1, $6.00a7.00; No. 2, $4.00a5.00. Sweets, Maryland and Virginia, kiln dried, per bbl, $1.50a2.00.

Beans and Peas.—New York marrow, choice hand picked, $2.30a2.35; blackeye peas per bushel, choice new, $1.55a1.60; black peas, per bushel, choice new, $1.50a1.60.

Live Poultry.—Market is steady. Hens, 10½a11c; old roosters, each, 25a30c; young chickens, 12a13c; winter do, 2 lbs and under, 17a22c; spring, 1 to 1¼ lbs, 24a28c. Ducks, 8a10c. Geese, apiece, 50a65c.

Dressed Poultry.—Capons, choice large 14a18c.

Butter.—The market is steady. We quote: Creamery separator, 21a21½c; creamery gathered cream, 18a19c, creamery imitation, 17a18c.

Eggs.—Fresh laid eggs, 13a13½c.

Dressed Hogs.—Choice Western Maryland and Pennsylvania lightweights, per lb, 7a7¼c; Southern Maryland and Virginia, per lb, 6¾c.

Calves.—Strictly nice veal, per lb, 5a5½c.

Lambs and Sheep.—Spring lambs choice, 8a9c per lb; poor, small stock, 5c per lb.

Philadelphia.

Philadelphia.—Wheat firm; contract grade, May, 79½a80½c. Corn firm, ¼c higher; No. 2 mixed, May, 50a50½c. Oats steady, fair demand; No. 2 white clipped, 33½c. Butter steady; fancy Western creamery, 20c; do prints, 21c; do nearby prints, 22c. Eggs dull and weak; fresh nearby, 13c; do Western, 13c; do Southwestern, 12¾c; do Southern, 12c.

Live Stock.

Chicago, Ill.—Cattle—Receipts 13,000 head; moderately active; about steady; butchers' stock slow; good to prime steers, $5.00a5.90; poor to medium, $3.95a4.90; stockers and feeders firm, $3.00a4.90; cows, $2.65a4.50; heifers $2.70a4.75; canners slow, $2.00a2.60; bulls, $2.75a4.40.

East Liberty, Pa.—Cattle steady; extra, $5.60a5.80; prime, $5.30a5.50; good, $5.10a5.30. Hogs steady; prime heavy and best mediums, $5.85a5.90; heavy Yorkers, $5.85; light Yorkers, $5.75a5.80; pigs, $5.70a5.75; skips, $4.75a5.25; roughs, $4.00a5.40. Sheep steady; best wethers, $4.40a4.50; common, $2.00a3.50.

LABOR AND INDUSTRY.

Lehigh Valley machinists have appealed for a nine-hour day.

In Boston a system prevails of allowing a man fined for drunkenness to pay his fine in instalments.

Yonkers (N. Y.) masons want $4.40 for an eight-hour day and the hod carriers demand 33 cents per hour.

The big wrecking tug, W. H. Myer, of the Milwaukee Tugboat Line, turned house mover last week and steamed along the river towing a scow with a brick building as its cargo.

THE CENTRE REPORTER

S. W. SMITH, ... Editor and Proprietor.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.
May 9, 1901.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

NOTE.—Subscribers will please observe the date on the label of the Reporter after a remittance is made and report if it is not correct. Dates are only changed the first issue of each month. Jan01, means that your subscription is paid to last January. 01 means July, 1901.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

PROTHONOTARY.

We are authorized to announce that M. I. Gardner, of Bellefonte borough, will be a candidate for the office of Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

We are authorized to announce that N B. Spangler, of Bellefonte, will be a candidate for the office of District Attorney, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

DEARTH OF CANDIDATES.

There is a dearth of Democratic candidates in Centre county. There are but two offices to be filled, and so far but two candidates have announced their willingness to accept them. The present prothonotary, M. I. Gardner, and the present district attorney, N B. Spangler will have a clean field to themselves for re-election. They have filled their respective offices with the greatest credit; have the absolute confidence of the Democratic voters in Centre county, and it must and should be gratifying to them to know that the voters have decided in advance to return them to office for three more years of service.

Bills Signed by the Governor.

Authorizing borough Councils to contract with any incorporated water company authorized to do business within such municipality for a supply of water for fire protection and for other municipal purposes.

Making it a misdemeanor to place free or trial samples of medicine, dyes, ink, coloring or polishing compounds in any form where children can secure the same.

Mr. Coray, of Luzerne, introduced a bill in the House prohibiting the manufacture and sale, importation or exportation or dispensing in any way of all intoxicating beverages in Pennsylvania except for scientific, mechanical or medicinal purposes.

The bill authorizing boroughs to provide a supply of water for public use either by the erection of water works or by contract with persons or corporations authorized to supply water within the limits of said borough, or by both methods, was approved.

The bill levying a tax of 1 cent a gallon on all ale, beer and porter brewed in Pennsylvania was recommitted to the Ways and Means Committee.

PLAN TO STOP POSTAL ABUSES.

Government Has Begun an Inquiry Into the Practice of Offering Premiums.

Third Assistant Postmaster General Madden is endeavoring to secure evidence that will aid in the correction of the abuses of the privileges of second-class mail matter. He has just issued a circular letter to about 400 of the most prominent publishers of newspapers and periodicals, asking for information on the subject of premium-giving to secure circulation. In order to secure a consensus of opinion Mr. Madden asks this question :—

"In the judgment of those addressed, will a departmental rule be regarded as injuricus to legitimate newspapers and periodicals, which will stop absolutely all premium inducements, direct or indirect, and of whatever character, for subscriptions? In other words, after a publisher has fixed a price on his publication, any bonus or premium given to the subscriber, or any combination with another thing except a second-class publication, shall vitiate that subscription in its relation to the second-class rates on postage."

Every honest publisher will admit that such a rule should be adopted and enforced. A newspaper that is without merit in itself has no right to the privileges granted legitimate publications. The premium system is detrimental to all legitimate business, no matter what that business is, and should be abolished. There must be a beginning somewhere, and the publisher who offers a dollar's worth of goods with a dollar publication is the man who should be given the first dose.

Next let there be laws enacted abolishing the giving of premiums with all articles of merchantdise. Such laws would have a healthy influence on all trade.

The Third Assistant Postmaster General estimates the loss of revenue by the Government carrying publications not intended to be included in second-class matter between $15,000,000 and $20,000,000 annually, an amount sufficient to cover the deficiency in the department more than twice over. He attributes to the practice of giving premiums the existence of many of these publications.

CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA NEWS.

SEMI-LOCAL NEWS CONDENSED FOR THE REPORTER.

Accidents and Misfortunes and General News of Interest.

W. F. Sparring, mayor of Lock Haven, ordered all cigar, fruit and candy stores to close their places of business on Sunday.

The wind storm which passed over Hanover and vicinity last week blew down a number of unfinished buildings and unroofed many barns.

Frank Bean bit officer John Brindel of Lock Haven on the hand while the latter was attempting to arrest him. The hand grew very sore and painful.

Frank Neuer, the ten year old son of David Neuer of Milton, fell from a raft into the pool near the Milton car works and was drowned, Wednesday of last week.

A wholesale jail delivery was frustrated by Sheriff Gray, of Wyoming county, who found a wooden key in the cell of one of the prisoners which would open every cell door in the place.

Victor Fey, of Philadelphia, has been appointed valedictorian of Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg. His age is twenty-one years, and is the youngest man in the class.

Rev. S. T. Linton, pastor of the East Kishacoquillas Presbyterian church at Reedsville, has received a call from the Presbyterian church at Ridley Park, a suburb of Philadelphia. Rev. Linton has the call under consideration, and the probabilities are that he will accept it.

The Presbyterian congregation at Lewistown has decided to purchase a sixty foot lot joining their church for $3500. This congregation is growing rapidly, now numbering over 500 communicants, and before many years will need to build a more commodious and modern house of worship.

In order to save the Pine Ridge mine from destruction by fire now raging in it, the Delaware and Hudson Company is arranging to spend thousands of dollars. This is to be done by a novel process, consisting of filling the workings with culm silt. It will be like putting a wet blanket on the flames.

George Barger, aged sixty-five years, of Granville, Mifflin county, dropped dead last week. He has been employed by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company as freight conductor for thirty-five years.

While Charles Hinkle, of Glen Rock, near York was driving home Friday afternoon, his horse took fright and both horse and rider plunged over a steep embankment. Hinkle was probably fatally gashed.

Mrs. Susan McKeever, of Jefferson township, Mercer county, celebrated her one hundred and tenth birthday anniversary. She was born in County Derry, Ireland. She lived in Mercer county seventy-five years.

The Ministerial Association of New Castle passed resolutions condemning Sunday funerals. Resolutions were also passed condemning the practice of ministers in conducting the funerals of non-churchmen without pay.

The body of Marshall Cunningham, who was drowned at Hammersley's Island three weeks ago, was found in the river at North Bend. Charles Devictor, aged 15 years, was fishing when his hook caught in the clothing of the dead body.

James Lenhart, who is serving a fifteen year sentence in the Eastern Penitentiary for killing Motz, at Lewisburg, is reported as having broken down physically. Poor health is getting very contagious with convicts who want to be pardoned.

Frederick Chrisman, a farmer, living near Middletown, was arrested for starving his cattle. The piteous cries of the starving cattle, it is charged, were heard by the farmer's neighbors, by whom the information was made. Chrisman's friends say he is weak-minded.

Wilson Wiekle, a nine year old boy with his mother, were picking coal from under a car at Lewistown Junction, when a draft of cars was shoved against it and he was caught before he could get out. He suffered a compound fracture of the right shoulder and his left hand was smashed, the little finger being taken off.

Frank Billman, of Freeland, won a stallion at a raffle and started to ride the animal home. He had barely seated himself when the horse threw him to the ground and viciously attacked him with both hoofs and teeth. Mr. Billman was kicked almost into insensibility, and then the horse seized the man's nose and bit it off. Billman is at the hospital in a critical condition.

A prisoner who was brought before the Wilkesbarre Mayor pleaded as an excuse for drunkenness that he had been attending a smallpox patient whom no one else would approach. Before he had finished his explanation the Mayor, policemen and spectators had fled from the room. The report was false, but the prisoner made good his escape, and has not been heard of since.

Supplement to Reporter.

Another supplement to the Reporter is enclosed with this issue. Read it over carefully.

Ministerial Meeting.

A ministerial meeting was held Monday in the Lutheran church at this place at which Revs. A. A. Black and G. W. Leisher, of Boalsburg, and Dr. W. H. Schuyler and Rev. J. M. Rearick were present.

Operations Begun.

Three car loads of Italians are now working on the double track for the New York Central road between Youngdale and Jersey Shore Junction. Burke Brothers have the contract. The double track between Linden and Newberry and between Larrys Creek and Level Corners will be finished some time in September.

Notes from Millheim Journal.

Clayton Bressler of Penn township, has purchased the W. K. Alexander farm lying south of town; consideration $2.500.

The real estate of Mrs. Jacob Ketner, deceased, of Haines township, was sold last Saturday to Mrs. Mary J. Musser for $847.

Mrs. G. W. Stover, residing near Ertel's mill, in Penn township, is seriously ill with pneumonia.

Deaths in Nearby Counties.

Clinton:—In Lock Haven, Joseph Valentine Long, aged seventy-seven years.—In Wayne township, John Gramley, aged seventy years. Interment in Sugar Valley.

Mifflin: Lewistown, Wilhelmina, wife of H. A. Walters, aged sixty-two years.—Mrs. Edmund P. Close, near Siglerville, aged forty-six years.—Milroy, Frederick Havice, aged eighty-six years.—Derry township, Charles Kline, aged twenty-six years.

German Baptists Meet.

The German Baptists' annual meeting at Price's Grove, Waynesboro, was largely attended Sunday. The session lasted two days and the communion services were conducted by the local preachers. This service is conducted as a supper, and soup of lamb's broth is served. This congregation also observes the ordinance of feet washing. The service is performed by the elders who gird themselves with towels. Besides a large number of local preachers there were present and taking part in the exercises, Rev. Joseph Ellis, of Baltimore, and Elder J. W. Swigart, of Juniata College, Huntingdon.

A Valuable Dog.

The canine is despised by many, and it would no doubt be better for mankind if their number would be decimated by fifty per cent., but D. W. Bradford, south of Centre Hall, has a dog that is very valuable on account of the many chores he is able to perform and which he does so easily and correctly. This particular dog, a year and one-half old, and of the shepherd variety, brings the cows from the field and stables them as nicely as any boy could do. The cattle have learned to be obedient to him, but have no fear of him except when he whines and barks in a particular way, which means business and the cattle know it.

Another feat is to carry water to his master. If the dog happens to be in the field he is told by his owner that he is dry. That is all that is necessary, the dog goes home scratches about the pump until Mrs. Bradford loads him with a little tin bucket with a lid on it, and away he goes. If the dog happens to be running along the road on an errand and a wagon or buggy comes along, that he thinks is making better time than he is making, he politely wags his tail, because barking would interfere with the bucket or basket in his mouth, and if the driver makes the least demonstration, he mounts the seat of the vehicle, but always manages to get off unassisted at the proper place.

Another chore the dog does is to hunt the eggs. He makes his rounds regularly twice a day, collects the eggs into a basket and delivers them at the house. When a hen has been "set," the dog knows it, because he has been told so and probably helped to do it. If the hen is off the nest. "Fred," for that is the dog's name, will carefully examine the eggs, and if there is an egg in the nest without the proper mark on it, the egg is taken out. Fred knows the difference between a good and a bad egg without breaking it, which he possibly distinguishes by the difference in weight. The bad eggs are placed in a fence corner a safe distance from the barn, where Mr. and Mrs. Bradford examine them, but so far the dog has not made a mistake. Fred has a special dislike for eggs after they are out of the shell—he refuses to eat them no matter how they are served and the sight of a raw egg almost causes spasms. So much for a good dog.

Spring Mills.

J. B. Wagner, station agent at Poe Mills, was in town on business.

Samuel Weiser and wife, of Millheim, were in town looking up furniture. Mr. Weiser is employed in the Hosterman & Stover tin shop, and is a jolly good fellow.

Dr. Alexander and wife, of Potters Mills, visited about Spring Mills.

Rev. Rearick will hold communion services in the Lutheran church Sunday morning.

This is no Ordinary Store . . . .

We sell Shoes Just as we sell Clothing.

Better goods for the same money.
Same goods for less money.

We will lead in shoes
Just as we lead in Clothing.

This is the best Men's store in Centre county. You know it is the best.

Every day it grows better. Every day you will find something new—some improvement.

Next week we are giving some special big values in Men's and Boys' Clothing — Extraordinary bargains. Come and see them—the saving is big; the greatest bargains ever offered in Centre county.

M. FAUBLE & SON,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Miss Florence Newman, who has been a great sufferer from muscular rheumatism, says Chamberlain's Pain Balm is the only remedy that affords her relief. Miss Newman is a much respected resident of the village of Gray, N. Y., and makes this statement for the benefit of others similarly afflicted. This liniment is for sale by Mrs. J. W. Keller, Linden Hall; J. F. Smith, Centre Hall.

A feature of the St. Louis Fair in 1903 will be a mammoth watch. It will lie on its back, will have a polished metal case just like the ordinary watch, and will be so large and roomy inside that people will be able to walk around in it among the moving wheels. It will be nearly 75 feet in diameter and more than 40 feet high, with neat little stairways running all about in it, and all the wheels protected.

Beware of a Cough.

A cough is not a disease but a symptom. Consumption and bronchitis, which are the most dangerous and fatal diseases, have for their first indication a persistent cough, and if properly treated as soon as this cough appears are easily cured. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has proven wonderfully successful, and gained its wide reputation and extensive sale by its success in curing the diseases which cause coughing. If it is not beneficial it will not cost you a cent. For sale by Mrs. J. W. Keller, Linden Hall; J. F. Smith, Centre Hall.

Swartz's Weekly Reminder.

We offer

Chain Pumps, complete,

for 12 ft. well or cistern for $3.45.

Porcelain Lined

Wood Pumps, complete,

for 12 ft. well or cistern for $4.65.

S. M. SWARTZ,

TUSSEYVILLE.

Books and Magazines.

SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE FOR MAY will contain: "The Diary of a Goose Girl." "With Iowa Farmers." "Passages from a Diary in the Pacific," illustrated. "General Christian DeWet." "The Southern Mountaineer." "Saloons' by Robert Alston Stevenson. "St. Pierre-Miquelon." "To Catch a Thief." "A Blue-Jacket Monte Cristo." "A Summer in Sabots." "The Ship of Silence." "Without Orders." "As to Wooing—There was None." "The Point of View,"—Academic adjustments—the love letters of great men. "The Field of Art." Also, number of beautiful poems.

EXECUTRIX'S NOTICE.—LETTERS TESTAmentary on the estate of W. S. Hettinger, late of Potter township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, they would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. MRS. ANNA BELL HETTINGER,
2apr6t Executrix, Spring Mills, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration on the estate of Jacob Barger, late of Gregg township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. M. J. BARGER, Adm'r.
apr18-6t Beech, Pa.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers her house and lot located on Main street, Centre Hall, for sale. The dwelling is in first class condition, both exterior and interior, and is well located, affording a pleasant view All the necessary outbuildings, including ice house are also in good condition. The stable is large and has connected with it a large shed under which buggies, etc., may be driven. There also lies contiguous to the lot five acres of cleared and about the same amount of wood land Part of the cleared land is set with the choicest fruit trees, which are thrifty; many are in bearing. On the wood land there is a fine ice pond. Taking all in all, the home is one of the most desirable in Centre Hall. The property will be sold at a very reasonable figure.
MRS. LIZZIE M. JACOBS,
4apr6t Centre Hall, Pa.

Card of Thanks.

The family of John A. McClenahan, deceased, of Potters Mills, wish to return thanks to those who so kindly assisted them during his illness and aided in the preparation for the funeral.

The Cure that Cures
Coughs, Colds, Grippe,
Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis and Incipient Consumption, is
OTTO'S CURE
The GERMAN REMEDY
Cures throat and lung diseases.
Sold by all druggists. 25&50cts

Sold by J. F. Smith, Centre Hall; F. E. Wieland Linden Hall; G. H. Long, Spring Mills.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division and Northern Central Railway.

Time Table, in effect March 18, 1901.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON. EASTWARD

7.32 a. m.—Train 64. Week days for Sunbury, Harrisburg, arriving at Philadelphia, 12.10 a. m., New York 2.13 p. m., Baltimore 12.10 p. m., Washington 1.15 p. m. Parlor car and passenger coach to Philadelphia.

9.27 a. m.—Train 30 Daily for Sunbury Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Harrisburg and intermediate stations. Week days for Edgerton, Hazleton, and Pottsville. Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, Washington. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

1.35 p. m.—Train 12. Weekdays for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.25 p. m., New York 9.30 p. m. Baltimore, 6.50 p. m. Washington at 7.15 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

5.01 p. m.—Train 32. Weekdays for Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, and daily for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 10.20 p m., New York 3.53 a. m., Baltimore 9.45 p. m., Washington 10.55 p. m. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.11 p m.—Train 6. Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4.25 a. m. New York at 7.13 a m., Baltimore, 2.30 a. m., Washington, 4.05 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

2.28 a. m.—Train 4 daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and points east and south, arriving at Philadelphia 6.52 a. m., New York 9.33 a. m., (10.28 a. m. Sundays,) Baltimore 7.20 a. m., Washington 8.40 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Washington.

WESTWARD.

5.33 a. m.—Train 3. (Daily) For Erie, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and intermediate stations, with passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester. Week days for DuBois, Bellefonte, and Pittsburg. On Sundays only Pullman sleepers to Rochester

10.00 a. m.—Train 31. (Daily) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and weekdays for Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg and the West, with through cars to Tyrone.

1.31 p. m.—Train 61. Weekdays for Kane, Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg, Canandaigua and intermediate stations. Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester, and Parlor car to Rochester.

6.05 p. m.—Train 1. Week days for Renovo, Elmira and intermediate stations.

8.57 p. m.—Train 67. Weekdays for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

9.10 p. m.—Train 9.1 Sunday only, for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR MONTANDON FROM EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 31 leaves New York 12.10 night, Philadelphia 4.25 a m, Baltimore 4.50 a m, Harrisburg 7.55 a m, daily, Wilkesbarre, 7.30 a. m. Week-days arriving at Montandon 10.00 a m.

Train 61 leaves Philadelphia 8.30 a m, Washington 7.30 a m, Baltimore, 8.40 a m, Wilkesbarre 10.55 a m, week days, arriving at Montandon 1.31 p m, with parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore

Train 1 leaves New York 9.25 a m, Phila., 12.25 p m; Washington at 10.50 a m, Baltimore at 11.45 a m, Wilkesbarre 3.05 p m, arriving at Montandon at 6.05 p m, week days, with through passenger coaches from Phila. and Baltimore.

Train 67 leaves New York 1.55 p. m. Philadelphia 4.26 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Baltimore 4.35 p m. daily, Wilkesbarre, 6.00 p m. (week days) arriving at Montandon 8.57 p m. Through Parlor Car from Philadelphia, and passenger coach from Philadelphia and Washington.

Train 3 leaves New York at 7.55 p m, Philad 11.20 p m, Washington 10.40 p m, Baltimore, 11.41 p m, (daily) arriving at Montandon at 5.23 a m, with through Pullman sleeping car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Train 921, Sunday only, leaves New York 1.55 p. m., Philadelphia 4.50 p. m., Washington 3.30 p. m., Baltimore 4.35 p. m., arriving at Montandon 9.10 p. m.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.
Week days.

Westward.			STATIONS.	Eastward.		
P M	A.M.			A M		P M
1 38		5 40	Montandon	9 15		4 55
1 45		6 30	Lewisburg	9 05		4 47
1 53		6 38	Biehl	8 58		4 39
1 57		6 42	Vicksburg	8 53		4 35
2 05		6 50	Mifflinburg	8 45		4 27
2 16		7 02	Millmont	8 33		4 16
2 23		7 09	Glen Iron	8 26		4 09
2 51		7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00		3 43
3 02		7 50	Coburn	7 50		3 32
3 08		7 57	Zerby	7 43		3 25
3 17		8 05	Rising Spring	7 35		3 17
3 23		8 11	Penn Cave	7 28		3 10
3 30		8 18	Centre Hall	7 22		3 02
3 35		8 24	Gregg	7 17		2 55
3 42		8 31	Linden Hall	7 10		2 48
3 46		8 35	Oak Hall	7 06		2 43
3 50		8 39	Lemont	7 02		2 38
3 54		8 43	Dale Summit	6 57		2 34
4 03		8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48		2 24
4 06		8 58	Axemann	6 45		2 21
4 10		9 00	Bellefonte	6 40		2 15

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a m, 7.18 a. m., 9.45 a m, 1.15 5.50 and 8.00 p. m., returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.55, 9.30 a. m, 10.03 a. m. 5.05, 6.08 p m, and 8 15 p m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.28 and 10.01 a m and 5.02 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9 30 a. m., 10.03 a.m. and 5.04 p. m.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, General Manager. J. R. WOOD Gen'l Pas'ger Agt.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Condensed Time Table.

Read Down				Nov. 21, 1900.		Read Up.		
No. 1	No 3	No 5				No 6	No 4	No 2
a. m	p. m.	p.m.	Lv.		Ar.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.
†7 10	†2 40	†6 30		BELLEF'NTE		† 9 02	5 10	9 40
7 22	2 52	6 42		Nigh		8 49	4 57	9 27
7 28	2 58	6 48		Zion		8 43	4 51	9 21
7 33	3 03	6 53		Hecla Park		8 38	4 46	9 16
7 35	3 05	6 55		Dunkles		8 36	4 44	9 14
7 39	3 09	6 59		HUBLERSB'G		8 32	4 40	9 10
7 43	3 13	7 03		Snydertown		8 28	4 36	9 06
7 46	3 16	7 06		Nittany		8 25	4 33	9 03
7 48	3 18	7 09		Huston		8 22	4 30	9 00
7 51	3 21	7 12		LAMAR		8 19	4 27	8 57
7 53	3 23	7 15		Clintondale		8 16	4 24	8 54
7 57	3 27	7 19		Krider's S'n g		8 12	4 19	8 49
8 02	3 32	7 24		Mackeyville		8 06	4 13	8 43
8 08	3 38	7 30		Cedar Springs		7 59	4 07	8 37
8 10	3 40	7 32		Salona		7 57	4 05	8 35
8 15	3 45	7 37		MILL HALL		†7 52	†4 00	†8 30
11 45	8 15			Jersey Shore		5 25	7 55	
12 20	8 45		Arr.	Wm'PO'T	Lve	†2 50	†7 21	
†12 34	*11 30		Lve	Wm'PO'T	Arr.	2 30	*6 55	
8 29	7 09			PHILA		†8 36	*11 36	
				Atlantic City				
				NEW YORK (Via Tamequa.)				
*10 40	‡9 30			NEW YORK (Via Phila.)		†4 30	‡9 00	
p. m	a. m.		Arr.		Lve.	a. m.	p. m.	

*Daily. †Week Days. ‡6 00 p. m. Sunday. ‡10 10 a. m. Sunday.

Philadelphia Sleeping Cars attached to Eastbound train from Williamsport at 11.30 p. m. and West-bound from Philadelphia at 11.36 p. m.

J. W. GEPHART, General Superintendent.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.
To take effect May 25, 1896.

EASTWARD.				WESTWARD		
122	82	22	STATIONS.	12	72	112
P M	P M	A M	Ar, Lv.	A M	A M	P M
6 30	1 10	8 45	Bellefonte	6 30	10 30	4 21
6 20	1 02	8 40	Coleville	6 37	10 37	4 26
6 16	12 58	8 37	Morris	6 40	10 42	4 30
6 10	12 54	8 33	Whitmer	6 44	10 47	4 33
6 05	12 49	8 31	Hunters	6 50	10 53	4 38
6 02	12 46	8 28	Fillmore	6 53	10 56	4 42
5 57	12 41	8 24	Brialy	7 00	11 02	4 47
5 53	12 37	8 20	Waddle	7 05	11 05	4 52
5 50	12 35	8 18	Scotia Crossing	7 08	11 08	4 54
5 36	12 26	8 07	Krumrine	7 17	11 20	5 03
5 33	12 24	8 04	Struble	7 20	11 24	5 00
5 31	12 22	8 02	Inn	7 28	11 28	5 08
5 30	12 20	8 00	State College	7 30	11 30	5 10

Morning trains from Montandon, Williamsport Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 7 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon, Lewisburg and Tyrone connect with Train No. 11 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penns. R. R. trains at Bellefonte.

‡Daily except Sunday.

F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

Letter and note heads, bill heads, statements, with all lines of office stationery, neatly and cheaply done at the Reporter printing house.

THE CENTRE REPORTER---SUPPLEMENT.

Vol. LXXIV. CENTRE HALL, PA., MAY 9, 1901. NO. 18.

OUR BARGAINS STILL CONTINUE.

Our patrons have taken advantage of the cut prices in Winter Goods which we have closed out during the last few weeks. We now have our Spring Goods in and are selling them at such prices that everybody can purchase.

In Dry Goods we have a very nice line and sell them at very low prices. And remember we can sell you Overalls at prices that will surprise you. Also Shirts, as we carry a large line to select from.

The people that have looked over our Shoe stock say we have the best line they have seen this spring, so come and purchase here and be in it with the rest of our patrons in style and quality.

Do you want a nice Dress Shirt this spring? If you do then come and see our line before buying elsewhere, as we can show you the latest styles at the very lowest prices. In fine Neckwear we can also please you. Gents' Dress Hats—we have them in the latest styles.

Ladies' Wrappers, Sun Bonnets, Laces, Embroideries, Collars, Notions of all descriptions, Table and Floor Oil Cloth, and the best and choicest Groceries always on hand.

Bear in mind that we sell the Buffalo Milling Company's Flour, which is strictly high grade. Just try a 25 lb. sack and be convinced.

Poultry Netting in all widths.

☞We are right along your road—at the CENTRE HALL STATION.

J. F. SMITH.

A CLEAN SWEEP

We will sell every piece of furniture in our store at a sacrifice rather than remove it to our proposed new store room. YOUR PRICES ARE OUR PRICES if they are at all reasonable.

Smith Brothers, : Furniture Dealers, : Spring Mills, Penn'a.

"New Rival," "Leader," "Repeater."

WINCHESTER

Factory Loaded Shotgun Shells.

"New Rival" loaded with Black powders. *"Leader"* and *"Repeater"* loaded with Smokeless powders. Insist upon having them, take no others, and you will get the best shells that money can buy.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM.

ROOFING SLATE.

ED. F FOREMAN, Centre Hall, Penn'a.

HANDLES all grades of roofing slates. Estimates made per square. Work done by experienced mechanics. Slate is as cheap as shingles and far superior. 13decly.

Subscribe for the Reporter.

L. L. SMITH, Agent for . .

Glenwood Nursery, Rochester, New York,

will call on you before long and if you wish to purchase fruit trees, berry bushes, vines, bulbs, or anything grown by nurserymen, you will find he has both the best stock and lowest prices. He also sells the ROCHESTER SPRAY PUMP, the best of the kind made. 13dec

EXPOSITION TRAVEL.

WHAT THE RAILROADS ARE WILLING TO DO.

Low Excursion Rates Will Be Made on Condition That Buffalo Will Prohibit Ticket Scalping—Serious Loss of Regular Revenue.

Buffalo's Pan-American exposition, the opening date of which is set for May 1, 1901, will unquestionably be one of the grandest affairs of the kind ever held. The managers of the fair hope that in attendance it will equal if not excel the White City of Chicago, and they are straining every nerve to boom and advertise their show and induce people to visit it. It is, of course, to the interest of the railroads of the country to have the attendance as large as possible, not only because of the revenue to be derived from the sale of transportation, but also because they expect to share in the general prosperity to be induced by the exposition.

It will be therefore to the interest of the railroads to make the round trip rates to Buffalo during the exposition as low as possible, and this they intend to do, provided—and this is a most important provision—that they are protected from ticket brokers. Should the railroads entering Buffalo make greatly reduced rates for the round trip there is now almost nothing to prevent Buffalo ticket brokers or "scalpers" from buying the return tickets and selling them to regular passengers, thus causing much loss to the railroads. The "scalpers" would have a feast ready provided for them unless the roads were protected from such speculations. This question has often arisen in the past and is one of the most serious consequence to the railroad world.

Mr. George H. Daniels, general passenger agent of the New York Central, who takes pride in being the head and front of the movement against ticket "scalpers," says that the railroads must

Photo by Pach Bros., New York.
GEORGE H. DANIELS.

receive definite assurances of protection before reduced rates are decided upon. According to Mr. Daniels and other authorities, among them Mr. L. P. Farmer, commissioner of the passenger department of the Trunk Line association, the remedy lies with the city of Buffalo.

Buffalo's city council can, if it will, according to these gentlemen, follow the examples of Detroit, Nashville and other cities in which expositions have been held and pass an ordinance prohibiting ticket scalping in Buffalo during the Pan-American exposition. Should the railroads decide to make reduced rates to the exposition without such or similar protection their loss would undoubtedly be very great. A number of trunk lines enter the exposition city, and each would lose thou-

R. D. FOREMAN. WM. F. FLORAY.

FOREMAN & FLORAY

(Successors to Geo. W. Ocker,)

—DEALERS IN—

Grain, Coal, Flour, Mill Feed, Salt, Fertilizers, Farming Implements, &c.

We pay the highest cash prices the market will afford for all kinds of grain, and at the same time will offer you goods as mentioned above at the lowest possible prices consistent with the quality of goods.

We make a specialty of

FLOUR

and carry in stock the best brands to be obtained anywhere, including both winter and spring wheat varieties.

In the line of farm implements we offer only the best, including Champion Binders and Mowers, Superior Grain Drills and Bucher & Gibbs

Imperial Plows - - -

Spring Tooth Harrows and One-horse Cultivators. The Champion Binders and Mowers, as well as the Superior Drills, have an established reputation for durability, lightness of draft, ease of operation, and perfection of work. Bucher & Gibbs' Plows have been popular since 1830, as the best general purpose plow made. Shares for these plows always on hand. These shares come direct from the factory and are far superior to the home-made ones, both in fit and quality of material.

We most respectfully solicit at least a share of your patronage.

Unskilled mechanics blame their tools for doing unmechanical work. Our tools were never in such hands.

The work turned out of this shop is mechanical in appearance and in reality. We are prepared to do

Repair Work of Every Description.

Parts of machinery which you may think are broken for good, can often be mended and both time and money saved.

Now is the time to have your buggies and wagons repaired and repainted.

New Work of all Kinds Done to Order.

Work is positively guaranteed.
Our prices are very reasonable.
Give us a call.

W. A. HENNEY.

JULIAN A. FLEMING,
Centre Hall, Pa.,
Agent for the
Johnston Harvester Co's
full line of
Harvesting Machines.
SELF BINDERS,
MOWERS,
RAKES, ETC.
Repairing Binders a Specialty.
I have had a practical experience for a period of eighteen years with farm and other machinery and I feel that money can be saved to many farmers by having their old machines looked over and repaired by a practical man.

GRAIN MARKET.

Wheat	70
Rye	40
Corn	50
New Oats	30
Barley	40

PRODUCE AT STORES.

Butter	18
Eggs	12
Lard	8
Potatoes	45
Side Meat	07
Shoulder	8
Ham	12

SPRING MILLS GRAIN MARKET.

Corrected every Wednesday by Allison Bros.

Wheat	70
Corn	45
Oats	30
Rye	45
Barley	40

LINDEN HALL MARKET.

Corrected weekly by J. H. Ross.

Wheat, red	70
Wheat, white	70
Corn ears	45
Shelled Corn	50
Rye	40
Oats, new	25
Barley	30
New Potatoes	55
Eggs	10
Butter	16

SPRING MILLS—O. T. CORMAN.

(In exchange for goods. Cash also paid.)

Eggs	12	Side	7
Butter	16	Tallow	3
Lard	8	Hides	5
Chickens	7	Apples	55
Pork	6½	Dried Apples	4½
Beef	6	Potatoes	45
Ham	12	Onion sets	5
Shoulder	8	Large Onions	60

WANTS.

AGENTS WANTED.—Agents are wanted in every town in Centre county to sell "The Church Member," by S. H. Deitzel, Ph. D., the author, Cavetown, Md. The book is dedicated to Rev. W. H. Grob, formerly of Boalsburg, and will find ready sale. Price fifty cents.

YOUNG MEN WANTED, WITH FAIR EDUcation and good character, to learn Telegraphy, Railroad Accounting, and Typewriting. This is endorsed by all leading railway companies as the only perfect and reliable institution of its kind. All our graduates are assisted to positions. Ladies also admitted. Write for free catalog. Fall term opens August 15th.
GLOBE TELEGRAPH COLLEGE,
266m Lexington, Ky.

WANTED, AGENTS.

To sell our Teas, Coffees, Spices and Baking Powder to consumers. Liberal commission paid.
Address, GRAND UNION TEA CO.,
j44 35 N. 3rd Street, Harrisburg, Pa.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive *special notice*, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, **New York**
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

5¢ WILL BUY A

PATHFINDER CIGAR

SOLD UNDER THOMAS J. HUNT NOTARY PUBLIC PHILADELPHIA PA BOND AND GUARANTEE

ASK THE MAN BEHIND THE CASE

W. K. GRESH & SONS
MAKERS

Spring Mills, Pa.

P. V. S. STORE.

It is with a feeling of satisfaction and confidence that we approach you on the Footwear question this season because after months of labor in buying, we have secured the choicest stock of . . . . .

Men's and Ladies', Boys' and Misses' and Children's Shoes

we have ever been able to show our patrons. The styles were never more attractive and the workmanship was never better. Our new spring Footwear is arranged for your inspection. We will be pleased to receive a call from you.

C. A. KRAPE.

CENTRE HALL

CARRIAGE WORKS.

We manufacture all grades of Buggy Tops, Cushions and Fullbacks, with or without springs.

Old Tops and Cushions repaired at very reasonable prices.

Woodwork and Repainting

is given prompt and special attention. Our prices are as low as the lowest and the work is done with first-class stock and by good mechanics. Satisfaction guaranteed. Give us a chance to estimate on your job before placing your order elsewhere.

J. T. LEE,

Centre Hall, - Penn'a.

You will find the best brands of

FLOUR

are kept by

JOHN S. AUMAN,

CENTRE HALL, PA.

Pillsbury Flour and John S. Auman Brand

are the best on the market.

BRAN,
SHORTS,
CHOP &
MIDDLINGS

always on hand.

Custom chopping done at all times.

I also keep Salt on hand at all times in grain bags or in burlap sacks. Also Baum's Poultry, Horse & Stock Food.

A new flour of entire wheat and superior to Graham flour now in stock.

☞ Highest prices paid for all kinds of grain.

Livery . . . .

. . . . . D. A. BOOZER

Centre Hall, Pa. - - -

New Spring Stock

A fine line of Men's Shoes; price, $3.50.

A nice line of Ladies' Shoes from $1.25 to $3.00.

Come and examine our line of Trunks & Men's Dress Suit Cases.

An elegant stock of Men's Shirts for summer from 50 to 75 cts.

A good line of Fancy Silks for Ladies' Shirt Waists.

Kreamer & Son, Centre Hall, Pa.

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR.

"Something New Under the Sun."

All doctors have tried to cure Catarrh by the use of powders, acid gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of Catarrh, has at last perfected a treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures catarrh, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science, that actually reaches the afflicted parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "Snuffles the Guaranteed Catarrh Cure," and is sold at the extremely low price of one dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use.

"Snuffles" is the only perfect catarrh cure ever made, and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve hay fever, or cold in the head.

Catarrh when neglected often leads to consumption—"Snuffles" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure catarrh in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "Snuffles" the "Guaranteed Catarrh Cure."

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of one dollar. Address, Dept. B734, Edwin B. Giles & Company, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

"And what shall I do with the—the old chestnuts, madam?" the artist inquired.

"Oh, dump them into the attic until I can get rid of them," replied the lady.

And there the "chestnuts" lie, Madonnas and cherubs and all, gathering dust and calmly awaiting the getting rid of process.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

"The Blues."

The origin of the term "blues" has been traced to the belief that persons in indigo dyeing establishments are peculiarly subject to melancholy. Another belief is that the expression is derived from the German blau, or lead, as lead by its heaviness has always been held to typify gloom and depression.

The sum asked of the state for the national guard is $775,000.

sands of dollars. Besides, the railroads naturally consider themselves entitled to protection, since they purpose selling round trip tickets to Buffalo and return at greatly reduced rates.

Proud of Her Name.

Sandol Milliken is the unusual and pretty name of an exceedingly pretty actress who has made a hit as Claire in "The Sprightly Romance of Marsac," by Molly Elliot Seawell. Miss

Photo by Prince, New York.

SANDOL MILLIKEN.

Milliken is also a clever actress, although her stage career has been short. When she is asked why she chose for a stage name such an odd one, she replies that she had no choice in the matter, since it is her real name. Miss Milliken is scarcely out of her teens and is a native of Nashville.

The Old Chestnuts.

It is said that a certain Cleveland lady whose handsome house is in an ultrafashionable section of the city was called east while her home was undergoing the renovating and refurnishing process. During her absence a man was especially engaged to hang the pictures. Among them were a number of excellent copies of the world's greatest works of art, and the man, an artist, found his task a labor of love.

With great care he hung the more valuable copies in the roomy reception hall and had just finished his task when the lady returned.

Her eyes snapped as she surveyed his work.

"Who hung those old chestnuts there?" she cried.

"Old masters, madam," said the startled artist.

"Old chestnuts, I say; it's the same thing. If you hung them, take them down. I won't have them there. With new furniture and new decorations and new carpets and rugs I'll have new pictures too. Who ever heard of such old trumpery stuff in a strictly modern house?"

Many times after purchasing goods for a dress or shirt waist you are not pleased with the selection.

We are here to show you a pretty line of Lawns, Dimities, Percales, Seersuckers, Shambrias and Ginghams, which cannot fail to please you. Also any and everything in Notions.

Ready-made Wrappers & Corset Covers—just the fit.

☞ In connection with the mercantile business we have opened an Ice Cream Parlor—open Wednesday and Saturday evenings of each week during the season.

The Long Store Company,

Spring Mills, Pa.

Opposite Spring Mills Hotel.

Solid Oak Extension Table, $5.50.

Woven Bed Springs, $1.65.

Weber's Improved Flour Heater, $6.00.

The Cheapest Place to buy Furniture in Centre County.

SARAH E. WEBER,

Boalsburg, Penn'a.

1901

started in with the largest and grandest display of

FURNITURE

that was ever brought to town.

Also a large stock of

Wall Paper,

Window Shades,

Curtain Poles,

Rollers, &c., &c,

and it is going out by wagon and by railroad. It is impossible to enumerate what we have in stock. It will show for itself. This is why it goes so fast. The price is down at the foot of it all. Before buying elsewhere give me a call.

J. S. DAUBERMAN,

CENTRE HALL.

W. A. SANDOE, AUCTIONEER,

Centre Hall, Pa.

Is open for engagements at all times. The best prices can be obtained only when the best auctioneers are employed. Twenty years' experience in the business. Terms reasonable.

H. E. SHRECKENGOST,

Farmers Mills, Pa.

AUCTIONEER AND CARPENTER.

I am open for engagements in either of these occupations. My experience in both should be a sufficient guarantee for satisfaction and good work. Terms are moderate. Give me a trial.

mar 21-1 yr

BANKS.

Penn's Valley Banking Company,

CENTRE HALL, PA.

Receives Deposits, Discounts Notes.

W. B. MINGLE, Cashier. auly

ATTORNEYS.

HUGH S TAYLOR, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.

No. 24 Temple Court. All manner of legal business promptly attended to. aug96

J. H. ORVIS, C. M. BOWER, E. J. ORVIS

ORVIS, BOWER & ORVIS, Attorneys at Law, BELLEFONTE PA.

Office in Crider's Exchange building on second floor. 26jul00

David F. Fortney. W. Harrison Walker

FORTNEY & WALKER. Attorney at Law, BELLEFONTE, PA.

Office north of Court House.

CLEMANT DALE, Attorney at Law, BELLEFONTE, PA.

Office N. W. corner Diamond, two doors from First National Bank. jan87

W. G. RUNKLE, Attorney-at-Law, BELLEFONTE, PA.

All kinds of legal business attended to promptly Special attention given to collections. Office, 2d floor Crider Exchange.

S. D. GETTIG, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW BELLEFONTE, PA.

Collections and all legal business attended to promptly. Consultations German and English. Office, 1 Exchange Building.

N. B. SPANGLER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, BELLEFONTE, PA.

Practices in all the courts. Codsultation in English and German. Office, Crider Exchange Building. nov198

G. L. OWENS, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, TYRONE, PA.

Our Specialty: Collections and Reports. References on request. Nearby towns represented:—Bellwood, Altoona, Hollidaysburg and Huntingdon. 27sep00

J. F. GARTHOFF, Justice of the Peace, Practical Surveyor, and Conveyancer, COBURN, PA.

HOTELS.

CENTRE HALL HOTEL, J. W. Runkle, Manager.

Newly equipped, bar and table supplied with the best. Summer boarders receive special attention, and can find no healthier locality. Centra for fishing and hunting. may697

OLD FORT HOTEL, S. B. SHAFFER, Proprietor.

Rates $1.00 per Day. Newly Furnished

Best Liquors. Fine Stabling.

HOTEL HAAG, BELLEFONTE, PA.

Fine Stabling. Heated Throughout.

Rates $1.00 per day.

East Bishop Street.

F. A. NEWCOMER, Proprietor.

BUSH HOUSE, W. L. Daggett, Proprietor, BELLEFONTE, PA.

Special attention given to country trade. apr90

NEW GARMAN HOUSE, Opposite Court House, BELLEFONTE, PA.

New building, new furniture throughout, steam heat, electric bells and all modern improvements. Good table and moderate charges.

SPRING MILLS HOTEL, Edwin Ruhl, Proprietor, SPRING MILLS, PA.

First-class accommodations at all times for man or beast.

Free bus to and from all trains.

Excellent livery attached.

NEW BROCKERHOFF HOUSE, BELLEFONTE, PA.

Free bus to and from all trains. Good sample rooms on first floor. Special rates to witnesses and jurors.

DR. SMITH SALVE for all kinds of sores. Nothing fails to yield. Sent by mail The DR. SMITH CO., Centre Hall, Pa. 25 cents.

J. S. MEYER, Penn Hall, Pa.,

breeder and shipper of

Barred and Buff Plymouth Rock, S. S. Hamburgs and S. C. and W. B. Leghorns.

EGGS FOR HATCHING.—Orders for eggs will be filled with fresh, fertile eggs, and from the same yards that I breed from for my own use. All eggs will be packed for shipping in light baskets, to carry any distance in safety.

PRICE OF EGGS—$1 for 15; $1.75 for 30; $2.50 for 45.

PRICE OF STOCK.—Single stock birds from $1 to $2; Pairs, $2 to $3.75; Trios, $2.75 to $4.

☞ Send all money for stock and eggs with your order, either by Post Office or Express Money Order. Be sure to write both your name and address plainly on all orders.

THE HOME GOLD CURE.

An Ingenious Treatment by Which Drunkards are Being Cured Daily in Spite of Themselves.

No Noxious Doses. No weakening of the nerves; a pleasant and positive cure for the liquor habit.—It is now generally known and understood that Drunkenness is a disease and not a weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "Home Gold Cure" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most obstinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

Wives cure your husbands!! Children cure your fathers!! This remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "cure" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. Do not wait. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "Home Gold Cure" is sold at the extremely low price of one dollar, thus placing within reach of everybody a treatment more effectual than others costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of one dollar. Address Dept. B734 Edwin B. Giles &Company, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia. All correspondence strictly confidential.

Crimson Rambler Rose Bushes.

H. G. Strohmeier has about two dozen crimson rambler rose bushes, one year old and thrifty, which he offers for sale at from ten to twenty cents each. Every one who saw Mr. Strohmeier's crimson rambler in bloom last season declared it the finest bush in town.

See Grant Hoover before you insure.

Public Sale Register.

MAY 11—Jerry Miller, at Centre Hall, at one o'clock, household goods, etc.

Boalsburg

Clyde Coxey, of Altoona, who has been sick for several months, arrived here last Saturday to spend a few weeks with his mother.

R. B. Harrison was to Bellefonte on business.

Mrs. Theodore Boal, of Colorado, arrived in Boalsburg Friday and will remain during the summer to oversee the building of the up-to-date barn and outbuildings on the farm.

The farmers are planting corn; some are already done.

Carpenters are at work on the new addition to Dr. Kidder's house.

Rev. Laurie, of Bellefonte, filled the pulpit in the Presbyterian church for Rev. D. M. Hepler.

Misses Meyer and Bitner, of Penn Hall, visited at the home of Prof. Meyer over Sunday.

Miss Brilling, of Rixford, McKean county, is visiting her friend, Miss Rose Woods.

Mrs. W. M. Goheen and daughter Margarette visited in Bellefonte Tuesday.

Dr. L. E. Kidder and L. W. Kimport bought the out lots of Mrs. Emma Fisher at sixty dollars per acre.

Oak Hall.

W. O. Doughtry and wife, of Pine Hall, were the guests of J. H. Williams on Sunday last.

George Roan and wife, of Lemont, were callers in town Monday evening.

The Misses Rishel and Korman, of State Colleg[illegible] a short call at Mrs. H. P. Ko[illegible] Sunday.

George Loneberger and wife, daughter Dollie and son Snowden visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Waite, at Rock Forge, and were very much pleased with the Angora goats.

W. H. Fry, of Pine Grove Mills, was in town Monday.

Misses Bessie Gramley and Dona Krumrine, of Walnut Grove, were in town Tuesday morning.

Sick at Potters Mills

Mrs. J. R. Bible is very ill at present.

Mrs. Sarah Foust was called to the bed side of her sick daughter, Lizzie, who is making her home with the family of Elmer Royer.

Mrs. Charles Miller, of Spring Mills, who is visiting her son Mick, became very ill Monday morning with acute indigestion.

The funeral of John McClenahan was well attended; interment at Milroy.

The next legal holiday is Memorial Day, which will be widely observed and it is to be hoped with more decorum than has sometimes characterized the day.

Rebersburg.

Many farmers in Brush Valley have commenced to plant corn.

Miss Violetta Wolf has gone to visit her sister Bertha at Centre Hall, and after a few week's stay there she will go to the Buffalo exposition.

Monday Mrs. Katharine Neese moved into the house she recently purchased from Reuben Smull.

W. K. Foster, of Mifflinburg, visited at the home of Mailcarrier Charles Smull.

Henry Brungart, accompanied by his sister-in-law, Mrs. J. W. Carlin, and Mrs. W. S. Miller, drove to Mifflinburg on Monday and returned on Tuesday evening.

The Lutherans contemplate holding a children's day exercise on evening of June 18.

Dwight Wolf, who is attending school at Spring Mills, was home on a visit to his uncle John Wolf over Sunday.

Brush Valley was well represented at the horse sale in Millheim.

Pennsylvania Railroad Summer Excursion Tickets to Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and other Summer Resorts.

On April 30, 1901, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will place on sale Summer excursion tickets to Buffalo on account of the Pan-American Exposition, and to Niagara Falls.

On May 1, 1901, the regular Summer excursion tickets to all the principal summer resorts east of Pittsburg and Buffalo will be placed on sale at ticket offices of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

These tickets will bear the usual Summer excursion limit of October 31, 1901, except that the Niagara Falls tickets will be good to return until November 30, 1901.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Summer Excursion Route Book for 1901 will be issued, as heretofore, on June 1.

A seasonable tool to advertise: a lawn mower.

"It is with a good deal of pleasure and satisfaction that I recommend Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," says Druggist A. W. Sawtelle, of Hartford, Conn. "A lady customer, seeing the remedy exposed for sale on my show case, said to me: "I really believe that medicine saved my life the past summer while at the shore,' and she became so enthusiastic over its merits that I at once made up my mind to recommend it in the future. Recently a gentleman came into my store so overcome with colic pains that he sank at once to the floor. I gave him a dose of this remedy which helped him. I repeated the dose and in fifteen minutes he left my store smilingly informing me that he felt as well as ever." Sold by Mrs. J. W. Keller, Linden Hall; J. F. Smith, Centre Hall.

Linden Hall.

Mrs. Mary Rudy and daughter Ella spent Sunday with the former's mother, Mrs Catharine Coble, at Linden Hall.

Miss Freda Hess spent a few days this week at Rock Springs the guest of J. H. Miller and family.

Daniel Hess, Esq., is beginning repairs on his fine store property at this place.

The band of gypsies who have been encamped in the grove near here left for Lewistown where they will continue fortune telling, horse trading, basket making, etc.

Little Edwina Wieland returned Sunday from a week's visit to the home of her grandfather at Rock Springs.

Biliousness is a condition characterized by a disturbance of the digestive organs. The stomach is debilitated, the liver torpid, the bowels constipated. There is a loathing of food, pains in the bowels, dizziness, coated tongue and vomiting, first of the undigested or partly digested food and then of bile. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets allay the disturbances of the stomach and create a healthy appetite. They also tone up the liver to a healthy action and regulate the bowels. Try them and you are certain to be much pleased with the result. For sale by Mrs. J. W. Keller, Linden Hall; J. F. Smith, Centre Hall.

Try the new remedy for costiveness, Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Every box guaranteed. Price 25 cents. For sale by Mrs. J. W. Keller, Linden Hall; J. F. Smith, Centre Hall.

Business Stand for Sale.

W. W. Boob, of Centre Hall, offers for sale his private residence, business place, and established retail carriage and wagon hardware trade. This is a first-class stand for any one wanting to carry a general line of hardware in addition to the above. The established trade in bicycles, plumbing supplies, etc., will be included in the deal. The location is the best to be had in the town. Satisfactory reason will be given for selling. This will be a good opportunity for a hustler who will act quick.

To Repair Broken Articles use

Major's Cement

Remember MAJOR'S RUBBER CEMENT, MAJOR'S LEATHER CEMENT.

DR. SMITH'S SALVE for chilblains, etc. Sent by mail for 25 cents. The DR. SMITH CO., Centre Hall, Pa.

Here we are again with a full line of Spring goods. A full line of

LADIES' FANCY DRESS GOODS,

EMBROIDERIES, LAWNS

AND DRESS TRIMMINGS.

ALSO A FULL LINE OF

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

HATS, CAPS, ETC.

In fact we have everything you can usually find in a country store.

We also sell Scull's Golden Blend Coffee at 2 lbs. for 25 cents.

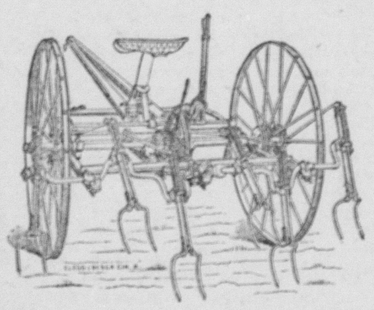
H. F. ROSSMAN,

Spring Mills, . . . Pa

DON'T TRUST TO BLIND LUCK!

A Few Moments of Investigation With Your Eyes Wide Open Will Save You Many Moments of Regret. . . . .

See me and let me explain the good features of the Osborne Farm Tools before you buy any other kind. Also see my line of



Vulcan and Syracuse PLOWS,

Land Rollers, Crown Drills, Cultivators, and 18 Tooth Lined Perry Harrows at $9.00 each. Can also furnish Sections for all makes of Binders and Mowers at 5 cts. each by the box. Repairs for different makes of Plows, &c., also furnished.

For full particulars address or call on

IRA C. KORMAN,

Oak Hall Station, Centre Co., Pa.

CHAMBERSBURG BUSINESS COLLEGE,

Memorial Square, National Bank Building.

—o—

Courses in

BOOKKEEPING, ARITHMETIC, RAPID CALCULATION, STENOGRAPHY, TYPEWRITING, GRAMMAR and CORRESPONDENCE, COMMERCIAL LAW, ORTHOGRAPHY & PENMANSHIP.

—o—

An Actual Business Practice, a Complete Banking System and a Universal Dictation Course are being added to our already thorough courses.

—o—

Students can enter at any time.
Day and night sessions.
Day students admitted to Night sessions without extra charge.
Students assisted to positions when thoroughly qualified.
Rates and supplies lower than other schools of this kind.
Anyone contemplating taking any course given by us will do well to address,

E. S. RIPKA, Principal,
Chambersburg, Pa.

GRANT HOOVER

Controls sixteen of the largest Fire and Life Insurance Companies in the world.

The Best is the Cheapest.....

No mutuals; no assessments.

...Money to Loan on First Mortgage

Office in Crider's Stone Building,

Bellefonte, Pa.

☞ Telephone connection.

We buy our Merchandise for Cash.

Boys' Clothing

The best made Suits obtainable. Every seam double sewed. Pants with elastic waist-bands, either lined throughout or with double knees and seat—not a small patch but extending from seam to seam.

Our Wash Suits for the little ones are here. It is an assortment three times as large as you have ever seen. The styles are mostly Sailor and Russian Blouse in Percales, Madras and Piques. As one lady said, "They are the nicest line I ever saw."

Hats, Hats

For the Man, Young Man and Boy. You have heard probably from others, probably from us that we are the largest hatters in Bellefonte. But we can't help telling you again, we feel that we must, that it is our duty, to impress upon you the saving in buying from this mammoth Stock. We can fit any size head or face—big, little or medium, and make it look well. So many different faces; they require differently shaped hats and that is why you need a large selection when buying a hat. What's new in Hats? A question best answered by coming here and seeing.

We invite an honest comparison of saving in prices—considering quality—in each and every line with those of our competitors. See for yourself, don't believe us.

At $5.00

A splendid assortment of Men's and Young Men's suits, including Herringbone Cheviots in dark and light mixtures, striped worsteds mixed in Scotch effects, blue and black cheviots, light gray cheviots and many other smart weaves. Most suits all wool, a few with a thread of cotton through the back —the kind some merchants call wool.

At $7.50

Choice of Men's and Young Men's black ribbed cheviots, blue thibets, stripped flannels, striped worsteds, gray and steel serges, fancy striped and checked cassimeres, and fancy checked worsteds, blue serges and black clay diagonals in suits. All strictly wool.

At $10.00

A line of Men's and Young Men's all wool Suits that for quality, fit and style is in a class by itself. An immense variety—the largest in central Penn'a, including 168 different styles and designs. As this is the popular price we have given this line our most partienlar care. The assortment comprises all varieties of goods and all colors.

At $12.00

Men's and Young Men's Black, Blue, Gray, Olive, Stone, Brown and Green Suits; some plain colors, some with pin stripes, some with overchecks in the various kinds of materials. Every man who desires to get the best fitting and most stylish suit should inspect this re-

. . . **Remember this is the largest new stock within easy reach, and the prices save you money.** . . .

SIM, THE CLOTHIER,

Money Saver for the eople,

Reynold's Bank Building, - Allegheny St., - BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.

"Dont Speak to me."

All manner of extravagant expressions are possible when a woman's nerves are overwrought.

The spasm at the top of the wind pipe or bronchial tubes, "ball rising in the throat," violent beating of the heart, laughing and crying by turns, muscular spasms (throwing the arms about), frightened by the most insignificant occurrences—are all symptoms of a hysterical condition and serious derangement of the female organs.

Any female complaint may produce hysterics, which must be regarded as a symptom only. The cause, however, yields quickly to **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** which acts at once upon the organ afflicted and the nerve centers, dispelling effectually all those distressing symptoms.

Mrs. Lewis Says: "I Feel Like a New Person, Physically and Mentally."

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I wish to speak a good word for **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** For years I had ovarian trouble and suffered everything from nervousness, severe headache, and pain in back and abdomen. I had consulted different physicians, but decided to try your medicine, and I soon found it was giving me much relief. I continued its use and now am feeling like a new person, physically and mentally, and am glad to add one more testimonial to the value of your remedy."—MRS. M. H. LEWIS, 2108 Valentine Ave., Tremont, New York, N. Y.

Writing to Mrs. Pinkham is the quickest and surest way to get the right advice about all female troubles. Her address is Lynn, Mass. She advises women free. Following is an instance:

Mrs. Haven's First Letter to Mrs. Pinkham.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I would like your advice in regard to my troubles. I suffer every month at time of menstruation, and flow so much and for so long that I become very weak, also get very dizzy. I am troubled with a discharge before and after menses, have pains in ovarics so bad sometimes that I can hardly get around, have sore feeling in lower part of bowels, pain in back, bearing-down feeling, a desire to pass urine frequently, with pains in passing it; have leucorrhœa, headache, fainting spells, and sometimes have hysteria. My blood is not in good condition. Hoping to hear from you, I am," MRS. EMMA HAVEN, 2508 South Ave., Council Bluffs, Iowa. (June 3, 1899.)

Mrs. Haven's Second Letter.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I wish to express my gratitude for what your medicine has done for me. I suffered for four years with womb trouble. Every month I flowed very badly. I got so bad that I could hardly do my work. Was obliged to sit or lie down the most of the time. I doctored for a long time, but obtained no relief. I began using your remedies—**Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** Blood Purifier, Sanative Wash and Liver Pills—and now feel like a new woman."—MRS. EMMA HAVEN, 2508 South Ave., Council Bluffs, Iowa. (Feb. 1, 1900.)

$5000 REWARD

Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., $5,000, which will be paid to any person who will show that the above testimonials are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writers' special permission.—LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3. & $3.50 SHOES UNION MADE.

Real worth of W. L. Douglas $4 and $3.50 shoes is $4 to $5. My $4 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.

It is not alone the best leather that makes a first class shoe it is the brains, that have planned the best style, lasts a perfect model of the foot, and the construction of the shoe. It is mechanical skill and knowledge that have made W. L. Douglas shoes the best in the world for men. **Take no substitute.** Insist on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. Your dealer should keep them, if he does not, send for catalog giving full instructions how to order by mail.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

DYSPEPSIA

yields to nature's medicine,

CRAB ORCHARD WATER

It easily cures Dyspepsia and all stomach, liver, kidney and bowel disorders. An unrivalled aperient and laxative; invigorates and tones the whole system. A natural water of the highest medicinal value, concentrated to make it easier and cheaper to bottle, ship and use. A 6-oz. bottle is equal to 2 gallons of uncondensed water.

Sold by druggists everywhere. Crab apple trade-mark on every bottle.

CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO., Louisville, Ky.

Two hundred bushels of potatoes remove eighty pounds of "actual" Potash from the soil. Unless this quantity is returned to the soil, the following crop will materially decrease.

We have books telling about composition, use and value of fertilizers for various crops. They are sent free.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St.,
New York.

AGENTS WANTED for the **Brohard Sash Lock and Brohard Door Holder**

Active workers everywhere can earn big money; always a steady demand for our goods. Sample sash lock, with prices, terms, etc., free for 2c stamp for postage. THE BROHARD CO., Station "O," Philadelphia, Pa.

25 CENTS PER ROD FOR THE BEST FENCE MADE OF WIRE.

P. M. MISHLER HAGERSTOWN MD.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

THE BEST WATERPROOF CLOTHING IN THE WORLD

BEARS THIS TRADE MARK

MADE IN BLACK OR YELLOW

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTES

ON SALE EVERYWHERE

CATALOGUES FREE SHOWING FULL LINE OF GARMENTS AND HATS

A. J. TOWER CO., BOSTON, MASS. 45

WOMAN'S AFFAIRS

A QUEEN'S RECREATIONS.

Spinning and photography are the favorite indoor recreations of Queen Alexandra. She is especially fond of photographing horses.

A WOMAN RAILROAD PASSENGER AGENT.

The first woman to be employed as a passenger agent by any railroad has just been engaged by the Louisville, Henderson and St. Louis road, to cover the city of Louisville. She is Miss Elvira Sydnor Miller, who is fairly well-known as a writer in the South. The general passenger agent of the road, who engaged her, has done so with the idea of beating out his competitors in the race for the patronage of women who travel by having the merits of his own railroad presented to them by a woman and also by learning at first hand the kind of railroad accommodations that women want.

FANCY EFFECTS IN VEILINGS

An effort is being made this season to introduce fancy effects in veilings. They are rather odd and pretty, but the style is too pronounced to find favor with the really well dressed woman. The bright colored veilings will not be worn over the face, but will be tied around the hat with a loosely draped effect. The fashion of wearing two veils still obtains for some occult reason. One of fancy material is simply tied around the hat; the other, which is usually a complexion veil, is worn over the face.

FOR SOUTH AFRICAN GRAVES.

The Loyal Woman's Guild has been started at Bloemfontein, in the Orange River Colony, South Africa, to trace out and care for the graves of soldiers killed in the war by disease. The undertaking is a huge one, there being in Bloemfontein alone more than two thousand graves, and hosts of heartrending letters from mothers and relatives are being received constantly regarding the last resting places of their dear ones, and they are eager to send funds for the care of them. As soon as peace is restored the guild will start branches in all the small villages for the gathering of necessary information, which will be sent to the friends of the dead soldiers from whom letters are received. —New York Tribune.

BLACK AND WHITE IN SUMMER

Combinations in black and white are in much favor with Parisians at the present date. Already another combination is taking the place of this—namely, black and small pink roses. Large toques, made entirely of black tulle, or sprigged net closely gathered, and with rolled brims, have a round wreath of small pink roses placed on the top of the brim, or else a circlet of these flowers around the crown and a semi-coronet of the same on the hair.

The shape turned down in the neck behind does not suit every taste, so many of the new models of hats with wide or medium brims have the back of the brim bent backward in the middle. Shapes treated in this way sometimes have a "cache peigne" of roses underneath, while others trimmed with ribbon have this carried back and knotted in a bow with the ends underneath the brim.—Millinery Trade Review.

GOING TO LUNCH WITH THEIR HUSBANDS.

Although women are welcome visitors at the Capitol, very few women are employed in the great building in an official capacity. All the secretaries of the Senators and Congressmen, the telegraph operators and even the cashiers in the restaurants are men, and indeed about the only place where one may possibly find a woman worker is behind some screened-off recess of one of the main corridors from which emanates the rhythmic click of the typewriter.

It has come to be a favorite form of "outing" at Washington for wives and daughters to go up to the Capitol and take luncheon with the husbands and fathers who are serving the nation in the big, white domed building. The big restaurants in the basement of the Capitol are qualified to serve quite as dainty a repast as the lady caller could possibly expect to find at her favorite luncheon place in the shopping district. The restaurants connected with the House and Senate are by no means restricted to the use of members and their wives. Many of the best tables are monopolized by parties composed exclusively of women.—The Ledger Monthly.

QUEEN VICTORIA'S RING.

The wedding ring of Queen Victoria was, by her own wish, buried with her. As a matter of fact, it had been her inseparable "wear" for more than sixty years. The rule of her married life had been never to remove it, and, once, when a cast of her hand was taken, her great alarm was that the rings might be displaced with the plaster. With the single exception of its enforced removal in later years for a few hours to be enlarged, so as to accommodate it to the increased girth of the finger, the ring was worn incessantly for over sixty years.

Of all her innumerable rings, next to her wedding ring, Queen Victoria most valued a very simple one, indeed. It was made of gold and enamel, and had a very small diamond as its central ornament. Its market value was slight enough, as well might be, for it was bought by a boy's pocket money. It was, in fact, the first present made by Prince Albert to the Princess Victoria when, at the age of sixteen, he visited the future country of his adoption. The actual emerald serpent ring, which he gave her afterward as the formal engagement ring, was never quite so precious to her majesty as this humble predecessor, which stood as the first token of this memorable affair of the heart.—London Chronicle.

MISS RIENZO'S COW TEAM.

Probably the latest in horseless carriages is the turnout which has lately appeared in Paris. Miss Laura Rienzo astounded people a few days ago by driving about the city behind two trotting cows harnessed tandem to a pretty cart. The animals are small, black and fiery, but they obey the reins perfectly.

The police were greatly worried over the fact as to whether or not they should permit the driving of the tandem cows. Miss Rienzo gravely informed the inspector that other sorts of horseless carriages were permitted on the drives of Paris, and she did not see why her carriage and its queer motive power should be barred.

Miss Rienzo comes from Bahia, and her father is one of the wealthiest citizens of Brazil. Rienzo pere, who is devoted to his daughter, had the two cows which she is now driving trained in Rio Janerio and shipped to her in Paris as a birthday present. The owner of the Nouveau Cirque offered $10,000 for the team, but Miss Rienzo indignantly spurned the offer, and every day drives out in state with her two cows, spinning of a cow trot down the boulevards.—Chicago Tribune.

THE PETTICOAT FOR SLENDERNESS.

In these days it is the ambition of most women to look as slight as possible. A great help to this end is a petticoat of silk stockinet, which fits the figure like a skin from waist to knee. These skirts are furnished with detachable frills of silk, which button on to the stockinet portion, and give from knee to ankle the fussy frilly effect demanded by fashion.

Many women who pride themselves upon their slim figures decline to be burdened with superfluous skirts, and with satin knickerbockers no other petticoat is needed but the loose silk lining which is a feature of the ordinary skirt.

Nevertheless, two smart models for petticoats are very alluring. One for evening wear is of white glace, silk edged, with three pinked-out frills, and draped with a deep flounce of ecru point d'esprit net, run with satin ribbon and tied at intervals with rosettes of the same. For morning wear with tailor gowns, a petticoat of glace silk, bordered with one deep godet flounce and strapped with silk to match, is quite the right thing.

THE "SHIRT WAIST" HAT.

Those who are learned in such matters aver that the use of the shirtwaist out of doors demands a certain piece of millinery to match, different from the round hats or toques supplied to accompany tailor costumes or whole dresses; hence the shirtwaist hat. This has a squared crown and a rolling brim. It must not be confounded with the sailor hat once worn with shirt-waist suits. The shirt-waist hat has no hatband nor any plumes nor stiff wings nor quills. A pretty silk scarf is folded about the square crown with some irregularity of drapery. At the front the scarf is passed through a wide-mouthed, rather tall straw buckle. Here it is stayed with some firm invisible stitches and the ends tucked back in the left side, and the edges of the scarf ends are fringed out, instead of being hemmed. Beneath the brim the shirt-waist hat is trimmed with bias bands of taffeta silk to match the color of the scarf above. These are rolled under. Sometimes the bias bands beneath the brim are of black velvet. This is occasionally more becoming than the color of the fancy scarf wound about the crown.

BITS OF FEMININITY

Very swell are the new gloves with large button-like fasteners of pearl.

Sleeves grow shorter and shorter. This is true of outdoor as well as indoor costumes.

A pretty idea is a line of lace embroidery about the top of the choker and two lace points falling down in front.

Military jackets are in the very height of favor this year, either as separate wraps or as a part of the walking gown.

The popularity of narrow black velvet has by no means expired. It will be used as extensively as ever on the summer dresses.

A real little leather golf bag has a pin-cushion in the inside, into which are set the three golf club stick pins which it contains.

Shaped belts are found with hooks similar to those to be seen on men's or on bicycle boots. There is a lacing with some fancy end, which is laced around these.

GARDEN AND FARM

FEED FOR THE YOUNG TURKEYS.

About the best food that can be given to turkeys when they are first hatched is a little stale wheat bread moistened with milk, and a part of a hard boiled egg that has been crumbled fine. When the birds get to be about three weeks old start to feed them corn meal that has been either cooked or scalded and a little bone meal or chopped meat will always give them all the food they want.

It is customary to regard all kinds of poultry as enemies of garden crops, but it is becoming known that the best mode of protecting orchards and crops is to give the fowls free range. Hens will scratch a newly-planted bed to get the seeds and worms, but as soon as the plants germinate they will rarely scratch among them, if grass and young shoots of weeds are plentiful. Usually, if hens scratch in the garden, it is to secure bugs and worms. The guinea and turkey perform great service as insect destroyers, as they are active foragers, and diligently search everywhere. A flock of turkeys, allowed free run in a tobacco field, will keep the plants clear of the green worms, and all kinds of poultry are partial to grasshoppers. Ducks and geese should not be allowed in a garden, however, but should be turned out in an orchard, as they prefer grass, but will also eat insects and weeds, geese being very fond of purslain.

REASON WHY INCUBATOR CHICKS DIE.

At the Rhode Island Station, careful investigation has been made of the cause of death of young incubator chickens. The total number of dead chickens examined during the spring and summer of last year was 826. It was alleged that about one-third of the chicks had been more or less injured by uneven heat during incubation. Another common cause of trouble was in overcrowding of brooders, resulting in death by suffocation, trampling, etc.

Tuberculosis was found to be very prevalent and fifteen per cent. of the chickens were more or less affected. For guarding against this disease, it is recommended to give the interior of the brooders all the sun and air possible on pleasant days.

COST OF MAKING CREAMERY BUTTER.

According to Wallace's Farmer the cost of making a pound of butter in the creamery ranges all the way from one to seven cents. This difference appears to be governed by the creamery, and a decrease in the cost, on account of the magnitude of the business, is followed by an increase of the price paid to farmers for butter fat. One creamery in one of the dairy counties in Iowa manufactured 400,000 pounds of butter at a cost of one cent per pound; another 539,000 pounds of butter at a cost of 1.2 cents.

In the smaller creameries the cost is reported at from five to seven cents per pound, the average being three cents. In creameries handling not more than 2,250,000 pounds of milk the average cost is 2.42 cents, and when 1,000,000 pounds are added the cost falls to 2.2 cents, while in creameries receiving more than 3,500,000 pounds of milk the average cost is 1.79 cents.

THE FARM STRAWBERRY BED.

I set the beds in spring, let the young plants bear, if they want to, in June and get the best crop from the bed the following season. It is allowed to fruit for two seasons, a new bed being made each spring. In April the ground is plowed and harrowed thoroughly. The rows are marked out three feet apart and plants set twenty inches apart in the row. The crown of the plant must all be above ground and the roots well spread out. Let no runners grow until the middle of July, when the plants will have become well established and be in condition to send out strong, healthy ones. Let them grow until a good matted row is formed and then keep them cut the rest of the season.

The soil between the rows should be cultivated to keep down weeds and to prevent the evaporation of moisture from the soil. The cultivation should be done once a week all summer. After the ground freezes the plants should have a covering of straw, leaves, evergreen branches or strawy manure. If evergreens are used, they must be removed in the spring, but any of the others can be drawn away from the plants and placed between the rows for a mulch. This keeps down the weeds, keeps the ground cool and moist and prevents the ripe fruit from touching the soil.—H. M. Woodward, in New England Homestead.

DESTROYING WEEDS WITH CHEMICALS.

This matter has been given cosiderable attention for a number of years. Possibly more work has been done in this country by Professor Bolly, of the North Dakota experiment station than by any other man. His experiments show that it is possible to kill charlock and other weeds in the wheat fields of the northwest by spraying with a solution of copper sulphate. The best strength of the solution is a matter that has not been fully decided. In one recent year Professor Bolly sprayed with a ten per cent. solution when the weed was three to five inches in height. The portion of the field upon which the test was made was very weedy, being infested with charlock, wild barley, wild rose, penny cress, shepherd's purse, wild buckwheat, lamb's quarter and the great ragweed. The spraying was done on June 1. By August 8 all the weeds except the wild rose and the older plants of penny cress were destroyed. The wheat leaves were slightly burned, but in spite of this the yield was larger than the untreated plat.

Tests were also made with a one per cent. solution of copper sulphate. This killed ragweed and charlock, but did not affect the penny cress. On June 20 an oat field infested with mustard was sprayed when the oats were six inches high. By August 1 the field was free from weeds except pigeon grass and wild rose. The crop was good. On the untreated plats the plants were weak and failed to stool. The amount used in these experiments is about forty gallons per acre. Professor Bolly is continuing his work in this line and believes that spraying for destroying weeds in cereal crops is practical.

Experiments along this same line were made in Ireland in fields of barley. A three-fourths per cent. copper sulphate solution at the rate of forty gallons per acre gave best results. Stronger solutions injured barley. Solutions of sulphate of iron were not as successfully used as the copper sulphate. In these tests dock and common thistles were injured, but not killed. In France the test made last year showed good results from spraying with twelve and one-half per cent. solution of iron sulphate. This spray, which was put on at the rate of about 200 quarts per acre, destroyed charlock, mustard, wallflower and ground ivy without injuring cereals, clovers or lupines. In Germany a fifteen per cent. of the solution of iron sulphate at the rate of ten to fifty gallons per acre is recommended for fields containing field mustard.

MIXING CORN AND OATS.

Let me tell you how A. W. Trow, of the Minnesota Institute force, handled some corn last fall. He had number of stacks of oats. The separator was placed on the outside, against a stack. While two men were pitching in the bundles of oats he had some five teams drawing up corn from the field. This was put in on the other side of the machine. They have big, double, self-feed separators here. The machine men objected to threshing corn, thinking it too hard on the machine; but after trying it till noon, they consented to go on, and 1,100 bushels of shelled corn and oats mixed were the result of the first day's work.

So well pleased were the threshers that that night they hitched up and drove all about the neighborhood seeking jobs of threshing corn. Mrs. Trow says the oats mixed with the corn helped about keeping it from heating, and the oat straw in with the corn stalks also did good in the same line. He is very much pleased with the result of this mixed work. Of course, some years the corn and oats would have to be spread to keep them from heating. Care should be taken not to tramp on the threshed fodder after it gets in the mow. It will keep better if not tramped, same as clover hay will. —T. B. Terry, in Practical Farmer.

SHORT AND USEFUL POINTERS.

Make sure that your hens are free from lice.

Corn should never be fed alone to a dairy cow.

Sheep do not like to be kept in too close quarters.

Feed the cows succulent food if you want plenty of milk.

A fat cow is not a desirable animal to have in a dairy herd.

Never close up a can of warm milk unless it has been aerated.

Don't keep animals that take too much time to go to market.

If the cows do not have comfort you cannot expect them to do well.

The smaller breeds are generally the best when early maturity is desired.

Red clover accumulates more nitrogen than any other leguminous crop.

The quality of the butter is what tells the story as to the ability of the maker.

Rape, enclosed with a movable fence, makes an excellent pasturage for sheep.

In ventilating your dairy buildings take away air from the bottom as well as the top.

If you have not provided the sheep with plenty of roots give them an extra allowance of bran.

It's easy to tell a good dairy cow. It is the cow that produces the most milk every year on the least food.

If your well is a shallow one clean it out at the first opportunity. Foul water is bad for both man and beast.

The reason so many breeders are working toward early maturity is that their experience has proven that it pays.

Any kind of stock is worth at least a pasturage on land that has been ploughed and sown with nutritious grasses.

The man who feeds a scrub cow, and guesses at her product as well, is playing at a chance game without any show of winning.

The dairy farmer should have good land and good cows, and see to it that he is a good dairyman himself. All this goes toward making good milk and good butter.

Too much hog manure is wasted. Every shovelful should be saved and used. Hog manure probably ranks next to sheep manure, which you all know to be very valuable.

Our agriculture, which amounted to $100,000,000 a hundred years ago, is now rapidly approaching $3,000,000,000 a year, and the value of the farms of the country is almost $15,000,000,000.

FRIENDLY INFLUENCES.

Dr. Talmage Says Influences Once Hostile Are Now Friendly to Christ.

Weapons Formerly Used Against the Lord's Armies Captured and Put to His Service.

[Copyright 1901.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage calls the roll of influences once antagonistic but now friendly to the gospel and encourages Christian workers; text, I Samuel xxi, 9, "There is none like that; give it me."

David fled from his pursuers. The world runs very fast when it is chasing a good man. The country is trying to catch David and to slay him. David goes into the house of a priest and asks him for a sword or spear with which to defend himself. The priest, not being accustomed to use deadly weapons, tells David that he cannot supply him, but suddenly the priest thinks of an old sword that had been carefully wrapped up and laid away—the very sword that Goliath formerly used—and he takes down that sword, and while he is unwrapping the sharp, glittering, memorable blade it flashes upon David's mind that this is the very sword that was used against himself when he was in the fight with Goliath, and David can hardly keep his hand off it until the priest has unwound it. David stretches out his hand toward that old sword and says, "There is none like that; give it me"—in other words, "I want in my own hand the sword which has been used against me and against the cause of God." So it was given him. Well, my friends, that is not the first or the last sword once used by giant and Philistine iniquity which is to come into the possession of Jesus Christ and of His glorious church. I want, as well as God may help me, to show you that many a weapon which has been used against the armies of God is yet to be captured and used on our side, and I only imitate David when I stretch out my hand toward that blade of the Philistine and cry, "There is none like that; give it me!"

I remark, first, that this is true in regard to all scientific exploration. You know that the first discoveries in astronomy and geology and chronology were used to battle Christianity. Worldly philosophy came out of its laboratory and out of its observatory and said, "Now we will prove, by the very structure of the earth and by the movement of the heavenly bodies, that the Bible is a lie, and that Christianity, as we have it among men, is a positive imposition." Good men trembled. The telescope, the Leyden jars, the electric batteries, all in the hands of the Philistines. But one day Christianity, looking about for some weapon with which to defend itself, happened to see the very old sword that these atheistic Philistines had been using against the truth and cried out, "There is none like that; give it me!" And Copernicus and Galilel and Kepler and Isaac Newton and Herschel and O. M. Mitchell came forth and told the world that in their ransacking of the earth and heavens they found overwhelming presence of the God whom we worship, and this old Bible began to shake itself from the Koran and Shaster and Zendavesta, with which it had been covered up, and lay on the desk of the scholar and in the laboratory of the chemist and in the lap of the Christian unharmed and unanswered, while the tower of the midnight heavens struck a silvery chime in its praise.

Worldly philosophy said, "All that story about the light 'turned as clay to the seal' is simply an absurdity." Old time worldly philosophy said, "The light comes straight." Christian philosophy says, "Wait a little while." And it goes on and makes discoveries and finds that the atmosphere curves and bends the rays of light around the earth literally "as the clay to the seal." The Bible right again; worldly philosophy wrong again. "Ah," says worldly philosophy, "all that allusion to Job about the foundations of the earth is simply an absurdity. 'Where wast thou,' says God, 'when I set the foundations of the earth?' The earth has no foundation." Christian philosophy comes and finds that the word as translated "foundations" may be better translated "sockets." So now we see how it will read if it is translated right. "Where wast thou when I set the sockets of the earth?" Where is the socket? It is the hollow of God's hand—a socket large enough for any world to turn in.

Worldly philosophy said: "What an absurd story about Joshua making the sun and moon stand still. If the world had stopped an instant, the whole universe would have been out of gear." "Stop," said Christian philosophy, "not quite so quick!" The world has two motions—one on its own axis and the other around the sun. It was not necessary, in making them stand still, that both motions should be stopped—only the one turning the world on its own axis. There was no reason why the halting of the earth should have jarred and disarranged the whole universe. Joshua right and God right; infidelity wrong every time. I knew it would be wrong.

I thank God that the time has come when Christians need not be scared at any scientific exploration. The fact is that religion and science have struck hands in eternal friendship, and the deeper down geology can dig the higher up astronomy can soar all the better for us.

The armies of the Lord Jesus Christ have stormed the observatories of the world's science, and from the highest towers have flung out the banner of the cross and Christianity now, from the observatories at Albany and Washington, stretches out its hand toward the opposing scientific weapon, crying, "There is none like that; give it me!"

I was reading of Herschel, who was looking at a meteor through a telescope, and when it came over the face of the telescope it was so powerful he had to avert his eyes. And it has been just so that many an astronomer has gone into an observatory and looked up into the midnight heavens, and the Lord God has, through some swinging world, flamed upon his vision, and the learned man cried out: "Who am I? Undone! Unclean! Have mercy, Lord God!"

Again, I remark, that the traveling disposition of the world, which was adverse to morals and religion, is to be brought on our side. The man that went down to Jericho and fell amid thieves was a type of a great many travelers. There is many a man who is very honest at home who when he is abroad has his honor filched and his good habits stolen. There are but very few men who can stand the stress of an expedition. Six weeks at a watering place have ruined many a man. In the olden times God forbade the traveling of men for the purposes of trade because of the corrupting influences attending it. A good many men now cannot stand the transition from one place to another. Some men who seem to be very consistent here in the way of keeping the Sabbath when they get into Spain on the Lord's day always go to see the bullfights. Plato said that no city ought to be built nearer to the sea than ten miles lest it be tempted to commerce. But this traveling disposition of the world, which was adverse to that which is good, is to be brought on our side. These mail trains—why, they take our Bibles; these steamers, they transport our missionaries; these sailors, rushing from city to city all around the world, are to be converted into Christian heralds and go out and preach Christ among the heathen nations. The gospels infinitely multiplied in beauty and power since Robinson and Thompson and Burckhardt have come back and talked to us about Siloam and Capernaum and Jerusalem, pointing out to us the lilies about which Jesus preached, the beach upon which Paul was shipwrecked, the fords at which Jordan was passed, the Red Sea bank on which were tossed the carcasses of the drowned Egyptians. A man said: "I went to the Holy Land an infidel. I came back a Christian. I could not help it."

I am not shocked, as some have been, at the building of railroads in the Holy Land. I wish that all the world might go and see Golgotha and Bethlehem. How many who could not afford muleteers now easily buy tickets from Constantinople to Joppa. Then let Christians travel! God speed the rail trains and guide the steamships this night panting across the deep in the phosphorescent wake of the shining feet of Him who from wave cliff to wave cliff bestormed Tiberius. The Japanese come across the water and see our civilization and examine our Christianity and go back and tell the story and keep that empire rocking till Jesus shall reign

"Where'er the sun
Does his successive journeys run."

And the firearms with which the infidel traveler brought down the Arab horseman and the jackals of the desert have been surrendered to the church, and we reach forth our hand, crying, "There is none like that; give it me!"

So it has also been with the learning and eloquence of the world. People say, "Religion is very good for aged women, it is very good for children, but not for men." But we have in the roll of Christ's host Mozart and Handel in music; Canova and Angelo in sculpture; Raphael and Reynolds in painting; Harvey and Boerhaave in medicine; Cowper and Scott in poetry; Grotius and Burke in statesmanship; Boyle and Leibnitz in philosophy; Thomas Chalmers and John Mason in theology.

The most brilliant writings of a worldly nature are all aglow with Scriptural allusions. Through senatorial speech and through essayist's discourse Sinai thunders and Calvary speaks and Siloam sparkles.

Samuel L. Southard was mighty in the courtroom and in the senate chamber, but he reserved his strongest eloquence for that day when he stood before the literary societies at Princeton commencement and pleaded for the grandeur of our Bible.

Daniel Webster won not his chief garlands while responding to Hayne nor when he opened the batteries of his eloquence on Bunker Hill, that rocking Sinai of the American Revolution, but on that day when, in the famous Girard will case, he showed his affection for the Christian religion and eulogized the Bible. The eloquence and the learning that have been on the other side come over to our side. Captured for God! "There is none like that; give it me!"

So, also, has it been with the picture making of the world. We are very anxious on this day to have the printing press and the platform on the side of Christianity, but we overlook the engraver's knife and the painter's pencil. The antiquarian goes and looks at pictured ruins or examines the chiseled pillars of Thebes and Nineveh and Pompeii, and then comes back to tell us of the beastliness of ancient art, and it is a fact now that many of the finest specimens, merely artistically considered, of sculpture and painting that are to be found amid those ruins are not fit to be looked at, and they are locked up.

How Paul must have felt, when, standing amid these impurities that stared on him from the walls and the pavements and the bazaars of Corinth, he preached of the pure and holy Jesus! The art of the world on the side of obscenity and crime and death.

Much of the art of the world has been in the possession of the vicious. What to unclean Henry VIII. was a beautiful picture of the Madonna? What to Lord Jeffreys, the unjust judge, the picture of the "Last Judgment?" What to Nero, the unwashed, a picture of the baptism in the Jordan? The art of the world on the wrong side. But that is being changed now. The Christian artist goes over to Rome, looks at the pictures and brings back to his American studio much of the power of these old masters. The Christian minister goes over to Venice, looks at the "Crucifixion of Christ," and comes back to the American pulpit to talk as never before of the sufferings of the Saviour. The private tourist goes to Rome and looks at Raphael's picture of the "Last Judgment." The tears start, and he goes back to his room in the hotel and prays God for preparation for that day when

"Shriveling like a parched scroll,
The flaming heavens together roll."

So, I remark, it is with business acumen and tact. When Christ was upon earth the people that followed Him for the most part had no social position. There was but one man naturally brilliant in all the apostleship. Joseph, of Arimathea, the rich man, risked nothing when he offered a hole in the rock for the dead Christ. How many of the merchants in Asia Minor befriended Jesus? I think of only one—Lydia. How many of the castles on the beach at Galilee entertained Christ? Not one. When Peter came to Joppa he stopped with one Simon, a tanner. What power had Christ's name on the Roman exchange or in the bazaars of Corinth? None. The prominent men of the day did not want to risk their reputation for sanity by pretending to be one of His followers. Now that is all changed. Among the mightiest men in our great cities today are the Christian merchants and the Christian bankers, and if to-morrow, at the Board of Trade, any man should get up and malign the name of Jesus, he would be quickly silenced or put out. In the front rank of all our Christian workers to-day are the Christian merchants, and the enterprises of the world are coming on the right side. There was a farm willed away some years ago, all the proceeds of that farm to go for spreading infidel books. Somehow matters have changed, and now all the proceeds of that farm go toward the missionary cause. One of the finest printing presses ever built was built for the express purpose of publishing infidel tracts and books. Now it does nothing but print holy Bibles.

I believe that the time will come when in commercial circles the voice of Christ will be the mightiest of all voices and the ships of Tarshish will bring presents and the queen of Sheba her glory and the wise men of the East their myrrh and frankincense.

I look off upon the business men of this land and rejoice at the prospect that their tact and ingenuity and talent are being brought into the service of Christ. It is one of the mightiest of weapons. "There is none like that; give it me!"

Now, if what I have said be true, away with all downheartedness! If science is to be on the right side and the traveling disposition of the world on the right side and the learning of the world on the right side and the picture making on the right side and the business acumen and tact of the world on the right side, Thine, O Lord, is the kingdom! Oh, fall into line, all ye people! It is a grand thing to be in such an army and led by such a commander and on the way to such a victory. If what I have said is true, then Christ is going to gather up for Himself out of this world everything that is worth anything, and there will be nothing but the scum left. We have been rebels, but a proclamation of amnesty goes forth now from the throne of God, saying, "Whosoever will, let him come." However long you may have wandered, however great your crimes may have been, "whosoever will, let him come." Oh, that this hour I could marshal all the world on the side of Christ! He is the best friend a man ever had. He is so kind, He so loving, so sympathetic. I cannot see how you can stay away from Him. Come now and accept His mercy. Behold Him as He stretches out the arms of His salvation, saying, "Look unto Me, all ye ends of the earth, and be ye saved, for I am God." Make final choice now. You will either be willows planted by the water courses or the chaff which the wind driveth away.

It requires no experience to dye with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Simply boiling your goods in the dye is all that is necessary. Sold by all druggists.

In twenty years, at a small lighthouse in the Orkneys, 14,000 hours of storm have been recorded.

Walnuts came originally from Persia, almonds from Central Asia.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease,
A powder to shake into your shoes; rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25 cts. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Recent estimates place the number of electric mining locomotives in operation in Pennsylvania at 250.

A Month's Test Free.
If you have Dyspepsia, write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., Box 148, for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Exp. paid. Send no money. Pay $5.50 if cured.

All the machinery for grinding and polishing glass of a new Toledo plate glass plant is run by electric motors.

Check That Ugly Cough
With Hoxsie's Croup Cure. Mailed on receipt of 50 cents. A. P. Hoxsie, Buffalo, N. Y.

Hollanders find it cheaper to import hay from La Plata than to raise it on their own meadows.

Indigestion is a bad companion. Get rid of it by chewing a bar of Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti after each meal.

Lake Nicaragua is the largest fresh water lake between Lake Michigan and Lake Titicaca in Peru.

Doctors, Lawyers, Merchants,
And people in all conditions of life, who have used Crab Orchard Water, continue to use it and recommend it. No testimonial has the same effect as personal experience.

Skeletons 4000 years old have been found near the village of Flomborn, in Germany. The bodies were of enormous size.

M. L. Thompson & Co., Druggists, Coudersport, Pa., say Hall's Catarrh Cure is the best and only sure cure for catarrh they ever sold. Druggists sell it, 75c.

Money talks, but a little scare causes it to shut up tight.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The tender bananas grow and do fairly well in sheltered portions of Southern California.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle

Virginia had the largest population of any of the States at the first census in 1790.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—MRS. THOMAS ROBBINS, Maple St., Norwich, N.Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

Before the discovery of sugar, drinks were sweetened with honey.

COME AND GO

In many forms

Rheumatism
Neuralgia
Lumbago
Sciatica

make up a large part of human suffering. They come suddenly, but they go promptly by the use of

St. Jacobs Oil

which is a certain sure cure.

"Believe only half you hear," says the proverb; but when a woman tells you her age the chances are you will hear only half what you believe.

Estab. '32 SCALES of every description. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Write for prices. JESSE MARDEN 139 S. Charles St., BALTIMORE, MD.

"The Sauce that made West Point famous." McILHENNY'S TABASCO.

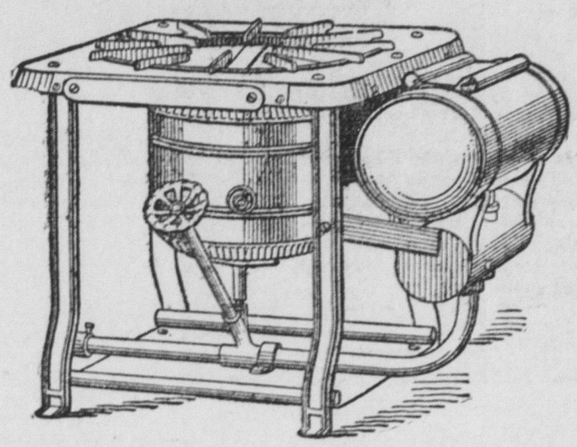
USE CERTAIN COUGH CHILL CORN CURE. 25 50 15

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER. B N U 19.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

This is the Smallest
WICKLESS Blue Flame OIL STOVE



Made also in four larger sizes. Sold everywhere.

If your dealer does not have them—write to the nearest agency of STANDARD OIL CO.

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

In our Roasting Establishments we positively do not allow the use of Eggs, Egg Mixtures, Glue, Chemicals, or similar substances. LION COFFEE is an absolutely Pure Coffee.

Watch our next advertisement.

Just try a package of LION COFFEE and you will understand the reason of its popularity.

LION COFFEE is now used in millions of homes.

"LAYING DOWN THE LAW."

THE poet writes his simple lay,
The builder lays bricks by the day.
The carpet man lays carpets too,
So all are "laymen," good and true.
The hen lays eggs for all mankind,
Which daily in their nests we find.
But the funniest sight we ever saw,
Was Paddy "laying down the law."

Pat boasted to a friendly "Cop,"
Who often visited his shop,
That he'd a lion tamer been—
The fiercest lions ever seen—
And claimed in manner rather fresh,
That he'd oft eaten lion's flesh.
The officer joined in to say
That *he* "drank" Lion every day.

"What's that ye say?" then Paddy cried.
"Ye spalpeen; shure Oi think ye lied."
The cop said "you're too fresh I think,
It's *LION COFFEE* that I drink—
It's pure and strong, and healthy too,
And helps a man his work to do.
I take a cup or two to meet
The trials of my weary beat!"

The last word just seemed to suggest
A thought to Pat; he did the rest.
His fist flew out, the cop fell down,
While Paddy's face assumed a frown.
"Ye fooled me, did yez!" he exclaimed
As still another blow he aimed.
"I hope yez will excuse me paw—
'Tis fond of "laying down the law!'"

In every package of LION COFFEE you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

Can't Sleep?

Did you ever have that feeling of oppression, like a weight on your chest, or a load of cobblestones in your stomach, keeping you awake nights with a horrible sensation of anxiety, or tossing restlessly in terrible dreams, that make the cold perspiration break out all over you? That's insomnia, or sleeplessness, and some unfortunates suffer with it night after night, until their reason is in danger and they are on the edge of going mad. The cause of this fearful ailment is in the stomach and bowels, and a Cascaret taken at night will soon bring relief and give the sufferer sweet, refreshing sleep. **Always insist on getting CASCARETS!**

air t' thim hobo-mobo troocks!—Puck.

"I have been using CASCARETS for insomnia, with which I have been afflicted for over twenty years, and I can say that Cascarets have given me more relief than any other remedy I have ever tried. I shall certainly recommend them to my friends as being all they are represented." THOS. GILLARD, Elgin, Ill.

The Coldest.

Cascarets

BEST FOR BOWELS AND LIVER.

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

10c. 25c. 50c.

NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

DRUGGISTS

THIS IS CCC THE TABLET

GUARANTEED TO CURE all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, blocked bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice; start with CASCARETS today, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded.

GUARANTEED TO CURE. Five years ago the first box of CASCARETS was sold. Now it is over six million boxes a year, greater than any similar medicine in the world. This is absolute proof of great merit, and our best testimonial. We have faith, and will sell CASCARETS absolutely guaranteed to cure or money refunded. One buy today, two 50c boxes, give them a fair, honest trial, as per simple directions, and if you are not satisfied after using one 50c box, return the unused 50c box and the empty box to us by mail, or the druggist from whom you purchased it, and get your money back for both boxes. Take our advice—no matter what ails you—start today. Health will quickly follow and you will bless the day you first started the use of CASCARETS. Book free by mail. Address STERLING REMEDY CO., New York or Chicago.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.
May 9, 1901.

You Can't Get by Our $3.00 Shoes.

YOU'LL WANT THEM.

Put them next to $3.50 or $4.00 shoes sold at other stores. A little comparison will save you a lot of money. There isn't a good thing said about any $3.50 and many $4.00 shoes sold elsewhere that cannot be truthfully said about our

GENTS' $3.00 SHOES

Comparison proves this. There are scores of new styles, ideas, shapes and lasts in gents' $3.00 shoes awaiting your inspection here. Many are exclusive designs. Everything in Gents' Street and Dress $3.00 Shoes in stock at our store.

Mingle's Shoe Store,

BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Lutheran—Spring Mills, Communion, morning; Tusseyville, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

Reformed—Centre Hall, 7 p. m.; Union, 10 a. m.; Spring Mills, 2.30 p. m.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, 10.30 a. m.; Pine Stump, 2.30 p. m.; Spring Mills, 7 p. m.

United Evangelical—Centre Hall, preaching service every Sunday evening at 7:30. Sunday school every Sunday morning at 9 o'clock; K. L. of C. E., 6:30. Service next Sunday at Linden Hall, 2:30 p. m.; Lemont, 10 a. m.

J. F. SHULTZ, Pastor.

Stricken with Paralysis.

Isaac Buffington, an aged and well-known resident of Penn township was stricken with paralysis recently and may not recover.

Auditor General Hardenberg.

The State Senator Hardenberg, resigned his seat in the senate, and took the oath of office as auditor general Tuesday afternoon.

For the May Registration.

The county commissioners are sending the books and instructions to the various assessors for the May registration of voters and school children.

Musical Normal.

The musical normal under the direction of Prof. C. E. Zeigler, of Penn Hall, is in progress with a good attendance of scholars. The sessions are held in Grange Arcadia.

Gray's Appointment.

W. E. Gray, Esq., of Bellefonte, was appointed a referee in bankruptcy under the Middle District United States Court for the counties of Centre and Clinton. The new Court organized Tuesday in Harrisburg.

Classis at Selinsgrove.

The West Susquehanna Classis of the Reformed church will meet at Selinsgrove beginning Tuesday of next week. Rev. A. A. Black, of Boalsburg, and Rev. G. W. Kershner, of Centre Hall, will be in attendance.

New Stone Walk.

The flag stones for the walk in front of public school park, which was ordered built by the borough council, arrived Tuesday. The walk will be laid by H. G. Strohmeier, and when completed will be handsome and durable.

Decoration Services.

The Penns Valley Camp of Sons of Veterans will hold appropriate decoration services at Georges Valley at 10 a. m.; Farmers Mills at 2 p. m.; and Spring Mills at 6 p. m. The camp invites all who can to be present.

For Notarys Public.

Of all the notaries public in this county comparatively few observe the new law that went into effect on April 4; which requires every notary public to write the date of the expiration of his commission on every document on which he places his seal.

One of Many.

The Reporter brings to memory many names and events in my boyhood home. You may add my name to your subscription list, writes John Boal, of Hinchman, Michigan. Everything here promises another bountiful year in fruit of all kinds.

Millheim Horse Sale.

The horse sale held at Millheim Monday was largely attended and the average price paid was $136.13 per head. The highest price paid for any one animal was $183.00 and the lowest $49.00. Twenty-one head of western stock were disposed of and four head by parties living in the vicinity of Millheim.

Philadelphia Times Sold.

The Philadelphia "Times" Tuesday passed into the keeping of new owners, the local syndicate which purchased it about one year ago selling outright to Adolph S. Ochs, of the New York "Times," who has associated with him as partner and general manager, his brother, George, W. Ochs, of the Chattanooga "Times."

PROSPECTING FOR COAL.

Coal Finding in Gregg Township Revives After a Collapse.

Speer G. Burrell, of near Penn Hall, was in town Wednesday, and was enthusiastic in his talk of the prospects of finding coal. Mr. Burrell has a half interest in the findings, the estate of Samuel Burrell holding the other half. It is the purpose of Mr. Burrell to resort to the "water-smelling" process of finding the coal vein, and if nothing satisfactory can be discovered the drill will be brought into use.

Gregg Burrell, northeast of Spring Mills, is reported as having interested a number of persons who will purchase a drill and prospect on his tract at that point for coal.

FROM THURSDAY'S DAILIES.

News Taken from the City Dailies of To-Day's Issue.

President McKinley is in Los Angeles.

Former Secretary Charles Foster is a bankrupt.

The Kansas W. C. T. U. asks that Carrie Nation be held for insanity.

Democratic Chairman Creasy says the Democrats will score a victory next year.

The capitol removal bill was defeated Wednesday. Representative Allison voted against; Thompson absent.

The governor signed the bill preventing the shooting of deer with any weapon containing more than one bullet, shot or missile for each load fired

The ballot reform bill was defeated in the House Wednesday—95 votes for and 87 against. Representative Allison voted for and Representative Thompson against the bill.

$5,500 for a Farm.

Mrs. Rebecca Sparr purchased the Hopson farm, west of Boalsburg, tenanted by Henry Meyer, for $5500.00.

Big Contract for Bread

The contract for furnishing 1,200 loaves of bread daily for the men on double track between Lock Haven and Keating, has been given to Meisel & Gilliland, Renovo.

A Good Dairy Herd.

W. J. Smith, of this place, has as fine a herd of cows as will be found anywhere in Centre county. They are well kept, well-fed and well-bred, and their product is sold in all portions of the town from a new wagon, handsomely painted. Heretofore Mr. Smith sold his milk from a rubber-tired push cart, but the business grew too extensive to serve his customers longer in that way.

D. H. Meyers Taken to Hospital.

D. H. Meyers Wednesday was taken to the Lock Haven Hospital for treatment, by Dr. Lee. Mr. Meyers has been suffering for some time with severe pain on the left side in the lower portion of his bowels, and beginning of this week the pain grew so excruciating a hospital was sought. Dr. Ball made an examination, but did not give out the result. Mr. Meyers formerly lived in Centre Hall, and is at present as he was then, employed by the Howard creamery company.

Rev. John H. Keller.

John H. Keller graduated from the Reformed Seminary at Lancaster, the commencement exercises of which institution are being held today, Thursday. Rev. Keller is also a graduate of Franklin and Marshall College, and is well prepared for the profession he has selected. After the College commencement exercises in June, Rev. Keller will go to Mt. Pleasant, North Carolina, at which place he has accepted a call from a Reformed congregation. The intervening time he will spend with his father, James A. Keller, near this place.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Sock social, May 11.

W. A. Odenkirk, assistant at the Centre Hall railroad station, is laid up with rheumatism.

Thousands of acres of the Scootac lands in Clinton county are being burned over by forest fires.

A daughter of Rev. S. P. Reamer, Presiding Elder of the United Evangelical church, died Sunday.

Miss Lizzie Foust, who is living with Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Royer, at Earlystown, is confined to her bed with rheumatism.

Superintendent McCormick, of the Commercial telephone company, with a force of men, is repairing the telephone lines through town.

Frank N. Brown, of Jersey Shore, a representative of the Plano Binder Company, is in town, and, with J. F. Smith, is looking up the interests of the company.

Marriage Licenses.

Earl Johnston, Philipsburg.
Lenora Crawford, "

Edson W. Fultz, Woodward.
Jennie Ettlinger, "

Jonathan Sheets, Millheim.
Susan Stover, "

Harry K. Hoffer, Philipsburg.
Grace Pearce, "

Charles A. Bitner, Blanchard.
May Bechdel, "

Transfer of Real Estate.

Wm. Boal, trustees, Colyer class Ev Christian Cemetery, dated Jan. 22 1901 63 6-10 perches in Potter twp.; consideration, $10 00.

Sarah E. Alexander, et baron, to C. H. Pressler, dated May 1, 1901, 50 acres in Penn twp.; consideration, $2500.00.

J. L. Kreamer, et. ux. et. al. to Laurelton Lumber Co., dated April 24, 1901, for 1225 acres, 56 perches in Haines twp.; consideration $2500.00.

Wyckoff Pipe Co., to Linden Hall Lumber Co., dated April 20, 1901; timber lands in Harris twp.; consideration, $1500.00.

THE TRAMP MUST GO.

Everybody Should Support the Inquirer's Movement.

The Philadelphia Inquirer has stirred up an agitation for the annihilation of the tramp evil, which promises to result in steps being taken that will rid the state at least of these curses to the civilization of the present century. The Inquirer is endeavoring to have a conference of the mayors and burgesses throughout the state called to consider the tramp nuisance.

This is a popular movement. Every one will second an effort, no matter in what direction it is put forth, to remove the tramp nuisance. The tramp years ago was a humble suppliant at the back door for a handout; today, he owns the earth. He is saucy, rebellious, insulting. Imprisonment in jail has no terrors for him; in fact, in cold weather he would rather be in jail than out of it. He is a terror to women in rural districts and he keeps the farmer on nettles when the latter sees a nomad around his barn. He won't work; he gives no return for what is given him; his life and his days are full of evil, and there is no reason why he should be allowed to exist. The jail, the wood pile, the stone pile and the ball and chain have all been tried. In certain communities these punishments lessened the evil, but they did not kill it. What is wanted is a plan that will keep the tramp out of the state; then all communities will be rid of him.

From Fort Grant.

Sumner Miller, son of J. H. Miller, Rock Springs, who a year ago enlisted in the regular army as a member of Troop E. Fifth U. S. Cavalry, is now located at Fort Grant, Arizona, after spending some time with his troop in Porto Rico. He states that portion of Arizona is sparsely settled, and that the Apache Indians often visit them from their reservation near by. He is connected with the commissary department of his cavalry, and is delighted with army life.

Shade trees out of Line.

The shade trees planted on Ridge street, on north side of the public school park, by miscalculation were set too far to the north and will be replanted seven feet further south to correspond in line with the shade on Ridge street west of Penn Avenue.

From all appearances Ridge street, east of the Penn Avenue, in a strict sense of the term, is not a street and is open only at the discretion of the school board. Besides this Ridge street nor the alley on the east can not be opened except by the consent of the school board, because "ground appropriated to a public use can not be appropriated to another public use." This is not Reporter law, but is the opinion of an able attorney well versed on the points.

Colyer Cornet Band.

The Colyer Cornet Band wishes to announce its willingness for service on Memorial Day, and the remainder of the season. This band was organized March 4th, 1900, with the following membership:

Chas. Miller, 1st bass; Art. Lee, 2nd bass; Jacob Jordan, baritone; Harry Floray, baritone; Howard Shadow, solo tenor; Harry Fleisher, 2nd tenor; Gilbert Deitzell, solo tenor; Percy Detweiler, 1st alto; Jacob Royer, 2nd alto; Elmer Jordan, solo bass; Frank Floray, 1st bass; Wm. Fleisher, 2nd bass; Johnny Jordan, 3rd bass; R. W. Colyer, E cornet; Jonas Boal, E cornet; Ralph Rickert, bass drum; Cyrus Colyer, Cymbals; David Bohn, snare drum.

This organization is fully equipped with uniforms and have the finest band wagon in the county for conveyance if necessary. The boys are rehearsing three and four times a week, and their performance this season will be exceedingly good, considering the date of their organization. It is composed of some of the best musical talent. Parties wishing to correspond with the above order, address—J. J. Jordan, Sec. and leader of "Colyer Cornet Band," Colyer, Pa.

Sock Social.

The Sock Social for the benefit of the Organ Fund, which the members of the M. E. church of Centre Hall purpose having, will be held in Grange Arcadia on the evening of May 11th. Doors open at 7 o'clock. For the purpose of giving the public some idea of what is expected of them, these few lines of poetry are inserted:

The little sock we'll give to you
Is not for you to wear,
But use it as we tell to you,
And do not have the fear
To multiply your size by two,
And place therein with care,
In pennies, (or any coin will do,)
Just twice the size you wear.

So if you wear a number ten,
You owe us twenty, see!
Drop them in this little sock; then
You will fill our hearts with glee.
It isn't much, 'tis all we ask,
You'll never miss the money,
And it will be as sweet to you
As the Sacred milk and honey.

Come yourself, and bring your friends,
As every one's invited;
The more the merrier, so come!
But do not get excited
And leave at home coins for your sock,
And feel like one benighted.

A cordial invitation is extended to everybody to come and receive a sock to put their coins into, and we feel sure you will not regret having given us the small amount it will require, for a program of recitations and music will be rendered, after which light refreshments will be served. * * *

The Appeal.

The commissioners held the appeal for Centre Hall and Potter township at the Old Fort Wednesday.

DEATHS.

MAJOR ROBERT H. FOSTER.

Major Robert H. Forster, formerly of Bellefonte, but late of Harrisburg, died Thursday evening at eight o'clock at his home, 1205 North Second Street. Major Forster had been ill for some time. He was in his seventy-third year but was a comparatively well preserved man, says the Bellefonte Daily News.

Robert H. Forster was born in Mifflinburg and his early life was spent in Union county. When a young man he clerked in Duncan's store at Millheim and later conducted and owned a store at Centre Mills, Centre county. He was also in the mercantile business in this place and in company with the late S. T. Shugert founded the Centre Democrat.

Major Forster had a distinguished military record being the hero of two wars. When the Mexican trouble broke out he went with the troops to Mexico and saw some of the hardest of the fighting in that hazardous campaign. He enlisted again when the Civil war required men for the defense of the flag, and was very active in the stirring times of the early sixties. He served as a major of the 148th Pennsylvania Volunteers. During the Mexican war he received a bad wound in the side.

Of late years he has been in the employ of the State, holding an important clerkship in the department of Internal Affairs.

When a young man he taught school at Aaronsburg and there met Miss Joanna Ettinger, of that place, whom he married. She survives him with their two daughters, Lizzie, who is a teacher in the Carlisle Indian School, and Maude, at home.

JOSEPH A GREEN.

Joseph A. Green, one of the leading citizens of Milesburg, died at his home in that place Thursday afternoon of last week of stomach trouble, of which he had been suffering for some time.

Deceased was the son of Gen. S. Miles Green, one of the county's earliest settlers, and was born in Barre, Huntingdon county, in January, 1843. He achieved a creditable military record during the Civil war, serving first with the 125th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, and afterwards in the 13th Regiment, Pennsylvania Cavalry. While serving as a lieutenant of cavalry he was captured and confined in Libby prison for six or seven months.

He is survived by a brother, Col. G. Dorsey Green, of Fillmore, and a sister, Miss Hannah E. Green, of Milesburg. The funeral took place Saturday afternoon from the residence of J. Miles Green, at Milesburg; interment in the Union cemetery, Bellefonte.

HERBERT E. BILGER.

Herbert E. Bilger died at the home of his father, Dr. John Bilger, of near Pleasant Gap, Tuesday of last week, after a lingering illness with consumption. Deceased was thirty years old and unmarried. He was a member of the Advent church. He is survived by his father and mother, two sisters and one brother. Interment took place at Zion.

HIRAM YOUNG.

Hiram Young, one of the county's earliest settlers and a highly respected citizen, expired at his home in Coleville Sunday afternoon after a long and well spent life. Death was due to the infirmities incident to old age.

MRS. ELLA GRIEB.

Rev. Mr. Mottern, of Salona, conducted services over the remains of of Mrs. Ella Grieb in St. Paul's church, near Lamar Friday. Mrs. Grieb had been a member of that church twenty-two years.

Hotel Guests.

The following is a partial list of the guests at the Centre Hall hotel during the past week, James W. Runkle, proprietor:

J. H. Reber, Lewisburg; C. E. Long, Jesse Long, Rebersburg; T. F. Wolf, Madisonburg; E. K. Hess, Williamsport; F. H. Heckman, Baltimore; C. E. Gephart, H. G. Krape, Millheim; Joseph L. Fox, John F. McCormick, Miss Elizabeth Longwell, J. L. Runkle, Bellefonte; A. C. Confer, Beech; H. H. Bosworth, Wilkesbarre; C. H. McMahan, Pottsgrove; A. R. McNitt, Sigleryille; H. E. Rearick, Altoona; John V. Cantner, Woods Sterrett, Milroy; J. H. Dreese, McClure; C. Keller, Tod Gunter, Bloomsburg; J. L. Bowersox, Harrisburg; H. W. Glass, Sunbury; W. W. Smith, W. H. McDowell, T. S. Morris, W. F. Ross, Joseph Larkin, State College; J. M. Stonebreaker, Coburn; Frank Watters, Danville; B. F. Alexander and wife, Johnstown.

Horse and Bulls for Sale.

Samuel G. Slack of Colyer, offers for sale a horse, one Swiss, and three Shorthorn bulls. All young animals.

Hay at 90 Cents per Hundred.

I have just received another car of timothy hay and will sell it at once for 90 cents per hundred. Any one in need of hay will do well to come at once for it. O. T. CORMAN,
Spring Mills.

BICYCLES.—I have just received a lot of new chain and chainless bicycles which I offer at greatly reduced prices. Also a number of second-hand wheels on hand from $5.00 up. Also a complete line of bicycle sundries. Coaster brakes a specialty. Thanking you for past patronage and respectfully soliciting a continuance of the same I remain
Respectfully,
W. W. BOOB, Centre Hall, Pa.

The New Journalism.

Sixty-nine pages of rubbish,
Twenty-two pages of rot;
Forty-six pages of scandal vile,
Served to us piping hot.
Seventeen hundred pictures—
Deaths, disease and dispair;
Lies and fakes and fakes and lies
Sandwiched in everywhere.
Thirty-four sad comic pages,
Printed in reds greens and blues,
Thousands of items we don't care to read—
But only two columns of news.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Gregg, of Lemont, were in Centre Hall over Sunday the guests of Mrs. Mame Miller, a sister of Mr. Gregg.

Samuel Sowers and Charles Snyder are two nice young men from Spring Mills who are deeply interested in two very nice young ladies in Centre Hall.

The 47th Regiment U. S. Volunteers to which quite a number of Bellefonte boys belong will sail from Manila for San Francisco on the transport Ohio, May 25th.

The Yearick brothers—Noah, Ed. and Harry—will plant six hundred peach trees in the Holloway field, in Nittany Valley, which they recently purchased.

Samuel Shoop, who is employed with the Plano binder company, Chicago, Saturday went to Port Allegheny, McKean county, in the interest of his employers.

Fifteen head of valuable cattle on the Reynolds farms were condemned as being affected with tuberculosis and killed. The stock was valued at $1000; the state reimbursed to the extent of $400.

J. C. Condo, of Penn Hall, says the Mifflinburg Times, had business in that place last week. The same paper says, Messrs. Enoch Miller and W. F. Roming, of Mifflinburg, wandered over some Centre county lumber jobs last Saturday.

Mrs. D. W. Bradford, of this place, and Mrs. William Turner, of Philadelphia, Thursday of last week went to Philadelphia. Mrs. Turner was the guest of Mrs. Hemphill, and went home to meet her husband who just returned from Europe. Mrs. Bradford will return home this week.

Messrs. M. L. Smith and Lou Rossman, of Johnstown, have been visiting relatives and friends in and about Spring Mills for the past week. Mr. Smith is a furniture dealer and does business on the installment plan; he has been located in Johnstown for the past nine years, during which time he built seven dwelling houses.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Sock social May 11.

Joseph S. Houtz, of Kingston, Ill., writes that it is very warm and dry in Illinois for this season of the year.

F. M. Crawford, popularly known through Penns Valley, talks through a Commercial phone from his residence in Bellefonte.

Rev. J. M. Rearick found a good tie strap near Centre Hill last week, which can be had by the owner if he calls at this office.

Walker Shutt, an employee of the Linden Hall Lumber Company is seriously ill with typhoid fever at his home near Boalsburg.

Ex-Commissioner John Wolf with his wife and daughter, Mrs Harter, all of Rebersburg, were guests of Mr. and Mrs D. J. Meyer Tuesday.

Mrs. Kennelly, one of the most aged ladies in Spring Mills, is critically ill. She has been sick for some time and her recovery is very doubtful.

J. W. Wolf, whose illness was chronicled in last week's issue of the Reporter, has recovered and is back to business at his Ardmore grocery.

W. H. Smith is the representative of the Knights of the Golden Eagle at Spring Mills to the Grand Castle, which holds its annual session at Lebanon on May 14th.

J. C. McClenahan, son of John McClenahan, deceased, of Potters Mills, who is engaged with the American telephone and telegraph company, gave the Reporter a call Monday.

Dr. J. F. Alexander Monday returned from Philadelphia, where he had gone for treatment. He thinks the attendance received at the hospital did him good, and in a short time will be ready to wait on his customers as heretofore.

Wm. Weber, of Howard, lost a valuable trotting mare by strangulation. The mare had been in use in the morning, and had been in the stable but a short time when it was discovered she was fast. In attempting to reach under a partition in the manger her head got fast in some way and as a result she was strangled to death.

Rev. J. M. Rearick, after attending the sessions of the General Synod of the Lutheran church to be held in De-Moines, Iowa, the latter part of this month, will proceed westward and spend a month in Kansas, in the vicinity of Wichita, and other sections. Among others whom he expects to see is J. A. Sankey, at Vernon, Woodson county, formerly of Potters Mills.

THE STAR STORE.

ESTABLISHED 1889.

G. O. BENNER - - - PROPRIETOR.

The Great Increase in our Business Still Continues

Pardon us for referring directly to the rapid growth of our business, but we believe every customer who is buying goods of us is interested in the rapid strides forward we are making each week, as our business is part of your business and our success a part of your success. We attribute our increase in trade to two reasons: First, we handle nothing but good goods—indeed the best that money will buy. Second, while we handle nothing but the best goods we are as low in price as any store in the valley, and are making prices each week for others to follow. So you will find, if you watch us, that we are doing a mutual business in which every one of our customers is a partner.

Study the Following:

Arbuckles coffee, 2 lbs. for 25c.
Banner lye, 10c.
Corn starch per lb., 4c.
Fancy Cal. prunes, 6 lbs. for 25c
" " peaches, 3 lbs. for 25c.
Fancy lemons per doz., 18c
10 lb. pail No. 1 mackerel $1.00.
Shredded wheat biscuit, 2 boxes for 25c.
Pickles per doz., ready for the table, 6c.
60 inch bleached table linen per yd., 25c.
Men's work shirts, a hummer, 25c.
10 qt. tin bucket, 2 for 25c.
10 qt. galvanized bucket, 15c.
12 " " " 20c.
Copper tea kettle, nickled, $1.00.
24 sheets good note paper, 5c.
Snow Flake Flour, a good one, $1.00.
Double bitted ax, 90c.

WHEN YOU WANT

Barb and smooth wire, fence staples, fly netting, screen doors, spring hinges, poultry netting, chain pumps, lime, plastering hair, silow sand, cement, salt fish, lubricating oil, floor and table oil cloth, galvanized tubs, trace chains, corn meal, Butterfly syrup, oranges, lemons, bananas and shredded cocoanut, &c., &c.

We offer until further notice the popular galvanized bucket pump complete for a ten-foot cistern at the special price of $6 75. This price is low and may be withdrawn at any time.

Go to the little store on the flat iron corner at the station.

THE STAR.

MOTHER EARTH

Is taking on her mantle of green, announcing the arrival of spring and warning us to prepare for warm weather. A little careful planning, a little careful buying and you can come out in jaunty spring attire at a very reasonable outlay of money. If you want the stylish ready-made goods we have them.

Tailor-made Wrappers & Skirts
We have an elegant line and can surely please you in price.

SHIRT WAISTS
We have all styles and sizes.

Dress Goods & Silks
by the yard, for fancy shirt waists and skirts, such as Berlin Lawns, Dimities, Titania Cords, Criterion Cloth, Batiste Satine, Pique, India Linens, Satines, Percales, Chambrays. Also a complete line of Calicos and Lancaster Ginghams.

Odds and ends in remnants we are closing out at sacrifice prices.

Our GROCERY DEPARTMENT is open for your inspection.

Our Line of Shoes
was never more complete and at prices to suit your purse. We handle the genuine Richardson Elmira Shoes, which for quality, style and price cannot be beat anywhere. Ask to see them—no trouble to show goods.

A nice line of Ladies' and Misses' Sun Bonnets, also an assortment of Hats & Caps for children. The latest styles and shades in Men's Headgear. Working and driving Gloves at right prices. Men's & Boys' Dress and Work Shirts.

We carry a full line of D. M. Ferry's & Lake Shore Garden Seeds. Also all kinds of Garden Tools.

We believe honesty to be the best policy and we are here to do business on business principles. We do not suppose you care to KNOW where we buy our goods or what our expenses are, but we DO want you to KNOW that we can sell you good goods as cheap or cheaper than you can buy them elsewhere. CALL AND SEE US.

MEYER & MUSSER.